HUBBUCK'S

PATENT WHITE ZINC PAINT.

HUBBUCK'S PALE BOILED LINSEED OIL.
HUBBUCK'S WHITE LEAD COLOUR and VARNISHES.
HUBBUCK'S PREPARED LIQUID PAINTS.
HUBBUCK'S BRITISH GREEN PAINT.
HUBBUCK'S PINNACLE AND COLZA OILS.
HUBBUCK'S PAINTS, OIL, and VARNISHES properly packed for exportation.

Beware of counterfeits of Name and Trade Mark.

THOMAS HUBBUCK & SON, LIMITED,
24, Lime Street, London.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 28,642—New Series. BOMBAY:—SATURDAY, JANUARY 16, 1892.

McEWAN'S BEER.

As Supplied to all Military Stations

Rs. 55 per Hogshead.
Rs. 28 per Kilderkin.

The Finest Draught Beer Shipped to Australia And the East.

AGENTS:—CUTLER, PALMER AND Co.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	Saturday.
B.I. CARTHAGE	4578	1000	M. de Horne	16th Jany.
† PEKIN	3969	600	P. Harris	23rd "
B.I. PENINSULAR	6972	1900	A.C. Loggin	30th "
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weigheli	6th Feb.
B.I. THAMES	4078	800	W. A. Scaton	13th "
† RAVENNA	3237	700	E. Crewe	20th "
B.I. ROME	5011	1900	A. H. Daniel	27th "
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weigheli	5th Mar.
B.I. KHEDIVE	3868	600	L. H. Moule	12th "
† ASSAM	3038	500	G. W. F. Browne	19th "
B.I. MIRZAPORE	3913	600	R. Harvey	26th "
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weigheli	2nd Apr.
B.I. CARTHAGE	4579	1000	M. de Horne	9th "
† ASSAM	3038	500	G. W. F. Browne	16th "
B.I. CLYDE	4136	800	J. L. Pacitt	23rd "
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weigheli	30th "
B.I. PEKIN	3969	600	P. Harris	7th May
† ASSAM	3038	500	G. W. F. Browne	14th "
B.I. ORIENTAL	4972	1000	E. Stewart	21st "

The steamers marked B. I. proceed to Brindisi, Malta, Gibraltar, Plymouth, and London.
† These vessels proceed to Aden only, and Passengers transship there to steamers proceeding to Brindisi, Marseilles, and London direct.

Through Tickets are issued, including Railway Fare, from Brindisi to London by the Mail route, and Coupons are issued for places in the Sleeping Cars of the special "P. and O. Express."

Heavy Baggage must be sent to the P. and O. Dockyard at Mazagon before 9 a.m. on the day of sailing.

A Steam Barge leaves the Apollo Bunder at noon on the day of sailing to convey Passengers on board, and only hand packages will be received.

The attention of passengers is called to the importance of having their baggage correctly labelled with port of destination.

SPECIAL STEAMERS TO LONDON, CALLING AT MARSEILLES.

Vessls.	Tons.	H.P.	Captain	Tuesday, 5 p.m.
SHANGHAI	6077	800	C. Edwards	22nd Mar.
PENINSULAR	6972	1000	A. C. Loggin	19th April.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AND AUSTRALIA.

Vessels.	Tons	H.P.	Captains.	About
MIRZAPORE	3913	600	R. Harvey	14th Jan.
ROHILLA	3387	700	C. S. Teague	28th "
CLYDE	4136	800	J. Parfitt	11th Feb.

In addition to the above, a CARGO STEAMER leaves for China and Japan every fortnight, with liberty to call at any port or ports.

For further particulars apply to

H. W. ULOTH,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company
Bombay, January 11th 1892.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.

BOMBAY TO MESSINA, NAPLES AND GENOA, calling at ALEXANDRIA.

THE well-known Steamers of this Company will sail on:
11th February. 16th March.
7th April. 5th May.

For particular regarding Freights, Passage, &c., apply to

F. BOZZONI,
Agent.
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, Jan. 6, 1892.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

STEAM TO BRINDISI AND TRIESTE, CALLING AT ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H.P.	To Sail on
IMPERATOR	C. Bechtinger	4,000	750	1st February.
IMPERATRIX	F. Egger	4,000	750	1st March.
IMPERATOR	C. Bechtinger	4,000	750	1st April
IMPERATRIX	F. Egger	4,000	750	1st May.
IMPERATOR	C. Bechtinger	4,000	750	1st June.

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 500	Rs. 300	Rs. 130
RETURN TICKETS available for SIX MONTHS:	1st Class,	2nd Class.	
TO TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 800	Rs. 450	

Above Rates include Wine or Beer supplied at Meals.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

Through 1st Class Single and Return Tickets are issued at specially Reduced Rates, including the railway journey from and to Trieste.

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 3rd, and BRINDISI on the 5th, of each month.

Passengers and their baggage are conveyed free on board by the Company's Steam Launch on the day of sailing.

STEAM TO RED SEA PORTS.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To Sail on
MARIA TERESA	R. Doperis	3830	550	18th Jan.

Calling at Aden, Massowah, Suakin, Suez, Port Said and Trieste.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail.
ELEKTRA	C. Bellon	3,800	500	24th Jan.

No Cargo will be received on Board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.

For further particulars, Freight, Passage, &c., Apply to

J. JANNI, Agent.
Sassoon House, Church Gate Street, Bombay, Jan. 1, 1892.

"MACIVER" LINE.

THE FOLLOWING STEAMERS will sail from Bombay for PLYMOUTH or LIVERPOOL as under, unless prevented by unforeseen circumstances:—

Vessels.	Tons.	
NIAGARA*	3107	Middle January and Middle April.
LYCIA*	3139	15th January and late April.
EUROPA	2200	Early February and early May.
ETOLIA*	3139	Late February and late May.
IONIA*†	3330	Middle March and early June.

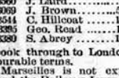
*Carries both Surgeon and Stewardess, and is fitted with Electric light.
† Has a Smoking Room, a Ladies' Saloon, and Upper Deck Cabins.

First-class Passenger Accommodation at Reduced Rates Fares: Rs. 398 to Rs. 495. Passengers landing at Plymouth are given 1st Class Railway Tickets to London at 2nd Class Fares.

For further particulars, Apply to

KILLICK, NIXON & Co., Agents,
Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.
Bombay, 6th January, 1892.

ANCHOR LINE.



BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail
HISPANIA	3380	S. Abrey	27th Jany.
ROUMANIA	3387	W. Young	6th Feby.
ASIA	3560	J. Laird	20th Feb.
BRITANNIA	3069	J. Brown	5th March.
ARABIA	3544	C. Hillcoat	19th March.
ARMENIA	3395	Geo. Read	1st April.
HISPANIA	3380	S. Abrey	16th April.

Passengers can book through to London (Overland from Marseilles) on favourable terms.

The voyage to Marseilles is not expected to exceed twenty-one days, and the Railway Journey from Marseilles to London occupies thirty hours.

Each Steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced Stewardess, and is fitted out with every comfort for First Class Passengers.

All the Cabins are on the Upper Deck.

For Rates of Passage and further particulars, apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.
Graham's Buildings, Bombay, January 14, 1892.

BOMBAY-LONDON S. S. COMPANY.

Vessels.	Tons.	Will sail on
†EMPRESS OF THE EAST	3200	1st Week in Feby. for London.
*ANNIE HARROW	3385	3rd " "
MARY BEYTS	3760	1st " in March, "
*MINNA CRAIG	4760	3rd " "
QUEEN OF INDIA	3691	1st " in April, "

† Carry a Surgeon and Stewardess.
* Have Passenger Cabins and Saloon amidship.

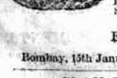
These Steamers are all fitted throughout with Electric Lights, and have every Accommodation for First Class Passengers. Cabins are on Upper Deck.
For further particulars, &c.

Messrs. BEYTS, CRAIG & Co.,
Sirdar's Palaces, Bombay.

HALL LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

Vessel.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail about
WERNETH HALL	A. Buck	4109	500	12th Feb. 1892.



THIS STEAMER is well-known on this Line as being most comfortably fitted in all respects for Passengers. Carries Surgeon and Stewardess. Greatly reduced Fares.

For further Particulars apply to

EDWARD BATES & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, 15th January, 1892.

CLAN LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO PLYMOUTH AND LONDON

THE First-Class Steamer "CLAN GORDON," 2,160 tons, Captain J. C. Morison, WILL SAIL from R. MEAY for PLYMOUTH and LONDON on or about the 15th instant.

The Saloon and Cabins are all on the Upper Deck and are fitted with every requisite for comfort. For Rates of Passage, &c., apply to

FINLAY, MUIR & CO.,
Agents.
Forbes Street, Bombay, 29th December, 1891.

SWIFT AND FARROW,

PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, AUDITORS, &c.,

UNDERTAKE COLLECTION OF OUTSTANDING DEBTS.

No. 9, RUMMUM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE, KATHIAWAR PORTS, AND CUTCH MANDVIE.

S.S. "KAPURTHALA," 867 tons, on 16th January, at 10 a.m.

S.S. "KARAGOLA," 1,168 tons, on the 20th January, at noon, calling at Verawul, Mangrol, Porebunder, Cutch Mandvie and Kurrachee, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S.S. "JAVA," 1,615 tons, on the 17th January, at 11 a.m., or after arrival of incoming English Mail steamer, calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bushire, Fao, Mahomerah, and Busreh, in the foregoing order, weather permitting.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S.S. "CAMORTA," 1,271 tons, on or about THURSDAY, 21st January, at noon, calling at such Ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the Undersigned.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 14th January, 1892. Agents.

PASSAGE SEASON, 1892.

KING, KING & Co.,
BANKERS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS, BOMBAY.

PASSAGE engaged by P. and O. and all other Lines at the lowest rates obtainable *FREE OF CHARGE FOR COMMISSION.*

SECOND SALOON accommodation by P. and O. secured a very low rates, and special attention paid to the grouping of Passengers.

Full information as to baths available, and lists of Passengers already booked furnished at once.

PASSENGERS are met on arrival at Plymouth by Messrs. HENRY S. KING & Co. (London), or at Liverpool by Messrs. KING, BAILLIE & Co. Messrs. KING, KING & Co.'s Agents at Aden, Port Said, Malta, Brindisi, Marseilles and Gibraltar will render their Constituents every assistance.

BAGGAGE CARGO and PARCELS shipped or Cleared at low rates: Fire and Marine Insurance effected when desired; excellent godown accommodation furnished and very facility given for examination.

LOANS granted on approved security. Letters of Credits and Circular Notes issued payable in all the principal towns of the world.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, Sovereigns, and Bank of England Notes bought and sold at the best rates of the day.

TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES arranged at current rates, and addresses in connection with the same registered with Messrs. HENRY S. KING & Co. *free of charge.*

Correspondence invited, and a copy of Messrs. King, King and Co.'s "Hand-book for Homeward bound Passengers" forwarded on Application, free of charge.

KING, HAMILTON & Co., Calcutta. KING, BAILLIE & Co., Liverpool.
HENRY S. KING & Co., London.

ANCHOR LINE.

BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

Vessel.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail
HISPANIA	S. Abray	3380	27th Jan. 1892.

THIS STEAMER will Sail punctually as above. Carries a Surgeon and Stewardess, and is fitted out with every comfort for First-Class Passengers.

Passengers by this STEAMER only will be booked at the following reduced rate:—

BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES.... Rs. 300.

Passengers can book through to London (Overland from Marseilles) on favourable terms.

For further Particulars, apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.

CITY LINE OF STEAMERS.

THE Favourite Passenger Steamer "CITY OF EDINBURGH," 3,230 Tons, Captain Frame, WILL SAIL for LIVERPOOL, on or about the 16th January. This Steamer carries a Surgeon and Stewardess. Two berth Cabins, Baths, Punkahs and every comfort for First-class Passengers. No others carried. Crew entirely European. Apply to

SIR CHARLES FORBES & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, 29th December, 1891.

THE S.S. "INCHLONGA" is expected to ARRIVE from MOULMEIN, on or about the 16th instant, with a full CARGO of TIMBER in SQUARES and SCANTLINGS, &c., and will DISCHARGE in the stream off Cross Island. CONSIGNEES are requested to present their BILLS of LADING for our COUNTERSIGNATURE, pay Freight, and take delivery of their Goods without delay, and unless Boats are sent alongside immediately to take delivery, the Timber will be landed at Ganpowder Bunder at the risk and expense of the Consignees.

TURNER, MORRISON & Co.,
Agents for Master and Owners.

SCOTT AND Co., M.R.C.V.S.,
VETERINARY SURGEONS.

HORSE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATES Rs. 10: Examination and Verbal Opinion Rs. 5. Horses standing at livery on Commission sale, Rs. 35 per month, including grass-keeper. Commission on Horses bought and sold Rs. 17. Up-country commissions towards buying & selling of horses will meet our best attention. Horses broken to single and double harness in the yard. Single, Rs. 15; double, Rs. 30. The Horse-shoeing Forge under the management of a thoroughly practical English Farrier, and every class of shoeing done.

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.

SOLID Silver Cigar Cases, Cigarette Cases and Match Boxes Plain, Engraved or Enamelled. all the very latest London designs.

Cigar Cases	Rs. 75
Cigarette Cases	" 28, 35, 40 and 50
Match Boxes	" 8, 13, 15 and 30

Any Monogram, Coat of Arms or Inscription Engraved in a few hours.

MARCKS & Co., Ld.,
JEWELLERS, GOLD AND SILVERSMITHS,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

F. CORNAGLIA.—The successor to Federico Pelliti, Confectioner, begs to inform the Gentry and Public (so that there may not be any mistake or delay in sending out the orders) that when giving orders to please address their letters to him (F. CORNAGLIA) and not to F. Pelliti, the latter having nothing to do with the Bombay and the Poona Business.

His well-known CHRISTMAS CAKES, PASTRY, CHOCOLATES, and SWEETS, etc., approved by everybody, are of first quality and at reduced prices.

Price List free on application. To Messes, Merchants and Schools 10 per cent. discount.

F. CORNAGLIA,
CONFECTIONER and CATERER,
33, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.
1, MAIN STREET, CAMP, POONA.

CLARKE'S

UNRIVALLED HAIR DYE.

WARRANTED not to stain the Skin. Prepared in two separate bottles. The effect will be instantaneous. Hair will retain its gloss for a long time. It has already been tested by many persons with great success. For changing Red or Grey Hair to beautiful shades of Black or Brown according to instructions given, this quantity will last 8 months applying every 10 or 12 days. Price Rs. 3 for the two Bottles; or for box, net Rs. 30, packing extra.

CLARKE'S MIXTURE

FOR KILLING WHITE ANTS, &c.

This mixture is one-third the price of Carbolic Acid. It will totally eradicate White Ants, and if applied to furniture once a month will prevent depredations on any kind of wood work or paper. No kind of insect will approach it. It has been tested at the Surveyor-General's office with success. Price Rs. 12 per gallon; or Rs. 2-4 per Bottle, packing extra.

SEVERAL UNSOLICITED TESTIMONIALS.

S. N. GHOSH, Chemist,
SOLE AGENT,
85, Bechoo Chatterjee's Street, Calcutta.

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS

warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex (acquired or constitutional), Gravel and Pains in the Back. Guaranteed free from Mercury. Sold in Boxes, 4s. 6d. each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the World. Proprietors: The Lincoln and Midland Counties Drug Company, Lincoln, England.

CONTAMINATIONS

of the Blood, whether the after-effect of Contagious Disease, here[ditary] taint, or from whatever cause of any description, are [speedily] and effectually cured by the process of taking "Cra[ddock's Wood]-Fibre Infusion." It purifies the great Blood [Organs], and clearing the [Skin] of all impurities. It cannot be too highly [recommended] for Eczema, Skin [Diseases] of all kinds, it is a [positive] cure, and the only real [remedy] for [Impurities] of the Blood.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

UNSWEETENED GIN.

TREACHER'S SPECIAL IMPORTATION.

A SAFE and WHOLESOME STIMULANT, eminently suited for Indian consumption.

Per case of 1 dozen, Cash, Rs. 24; Credit, Rs. 26-8.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

TREACHER'S CHERRY BRANDY.

MADE from selected Kent Morellas is of its kind the finest Liqueur imported.

	Cash.	Credit.
Per Bottle Rs.	3 6	3 14
" ½ " "	2 0	2 4

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

FRESH SUPPLY.

JUST TO HAND.

CHEESES.—Roquefort, Stilton, Gorgonzola, Gruyere, Double-Gloster, Chedder and Adam.
Hams.—Westphalia and York.
Bacon.—Wiltshire.
Bath Chops.—Ox Tongues in Canvas.

BOLTON & COMPANY,
PROVISION MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY.

AIR GUNS.

IN CONSEQUENCE of AIR GUNS having been brought under the Indian Arms Act, THACKER and Co., Ld., are giving up the sale and must dispose of the remaining Stock in course of this month.

In order to effect this they are now offering the few they have at a reduction of 25 PER CENT.

Guns at Rs. 52 for Rs. 39.
" " Rs. 32 for Rs. 24.

THACKER & Co., Ld., BOMBAY.

LADIES' SHOP WITH HOME,

By Indian Parcels Post.

Consider the excessive Rate of Exchange, and Economise all Intermediate Profits.
High-Class Drapery and Dress Materials Direct from the Manufacturers,

AT LOOM PRICES!

SAVING 50 PER CENT.

HENRY PEASE AND CO'S SUCCESSORS,
Spinners and Manufacturers,
THE MILLS, DARLINGTON,
Established 1752,
supply
High-Class Drapery and Dress Materials
DIRECT TO THE CONSUMER,
Without the intervention of Wholesale Merchants, Drapers, Agents, or Middlemen.

EXQUISITE DRESS.

Latest Fashion at First Cost,
FRESH FROM THE DARLINGTON LOOMS,
Patterns Free, on approval, to any address in India.

THE LOVELY

DARLINGTON ZEPHYRS,

And New Darlington Skirtings, together with the Celebrated Darlington Cross-Warp Serges, and Gold-Medal Merinos and Cashmeres.

All exquisite Fabrics renowned for their stylish appearance, thorough Money Value, and Hard Wearing Qualities.

SPECIALITIES FOR INDIA.
High-Class Pure Wool Fabrics for Ladies' and Gentlemen's Wear.
For the Climate of the Hills, and in the Plains during the Cold Weather Season.

DARLINGTON PURE WOOL SERGES.

Dyed by Special Process, for the Sea-side, Travelling and Tourist Wear. Guaranteed to withstand Sun, Rain, and Salt Water, in light-weighted Yarns for Ladies' Yachting Costumes, Ladies' Travelling Dresses, Gentlemen's Boating and Tennis Suits. Stouter Yarns for Boys' and Girls' Rough Wear.

ANY LENGTH of MATERIAL CUT on no matter how short. All Goods warranted to be equal to the Samples, and all Parcels carefully packed for Export.

All Orders are executed the same day as received.

HENRY PEASE & CO.'S SUCCESSORS buy their Wools direct from the English Farmer. After careful sorting and cleaning the wool is spun into yarn, and the yarn woven into the various charming fabrics, for which the firm have been renowned since their establishment in 1752—the entire process of manufacture being carried on in their own Mills at Darlington, employing more than 1,000 hands.

THE ORIENTAL LIFE OFFICE

IS WELL KNOWN for the Liberality of its Dealings, and among other ADVANTAGES, which European and Native Assurers have, are:—

UNQUESTIONABLE SECURITY,
VERY MODERATE PREMIUMS,
LIBERAL CONDITIONS AND SURRENDER VALUES.

THE PREMIUMS are so moderate that an Assurance of Rs. 5,000 (under the Company's NEW PLAN) may generally be secured or the Yearly Payment, which usually would be charged for Rs. 3,000 only. NINETY PER CENT. OF THE PROFITS ARE DIVIDED amongst the Assured every three years.

ENTIRE DIRECTION IN INDIA.
NATIVE LIVES AT EUROPEAN RATES.
FUNDS IN GOVERNMENT PAPER ONLY and remain in India.

The 'ORIENTAL' Grants, with or without Profits, Whole-term Policies, Temporary, Single Payment, Terminable Premium, or Sterling Policies (payable in India or England) Treble Benefit Endowment, Fully Paid-up, Half Credit System, Decreasing Scale and Family Pension Policies; also Endowments Children and Liberal Annuities.

Proposal Papers, Prospectuses, and all further information on application to

D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER,
Fellow of the Institute of Actuaries,
Manager and Actuary,
Oriental Life Office, Albert Building, Bombay or any Local Agent throughout India.

WILLIAM WATSON and Co.,

BANKERS AND AGENTS.

BOMBAY: 28, Apollo Street.
KARACHI: Bunder Road.
LONDON: 27, Leadenhall Street.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS kept, and Interest allowed on any amount.

FIXED DEPOSITS received at rates of Interest, to be ascertained on application.

PAY, PENSIONS and ANNUITIES Collected Free of Commission without Life Certificate.

DRAFTS, CHEQUES and BANK BILLS issued, cashed or sent for collection.

TELEGRAPHIC and HOME FAMILY Remittances made at the best exchange rate of the day.

STOCK, SHARES, &c., bought and sold, and INVESTMENTS made.

GOVERNMENT PAPER SHARES and other Securities kept for safe custody, and Interest and Dividends collected.

LOANS and ADVANCES made on approved securities.

SOVEREIGNS, BANK NOTES, &c., bought and given at specially favourable rates.

ASSURANCE—LIFE, FIRE, MARINE, effected at reasonable rates.

Agents for the ORIENTAL and STANDARD Life Offices.

HANDBOOKS sent free on Application.

WILLIAM WATSON and Co.,
BOMBAY: 28, Apollo Street.
KARACHI: Bunder Road.
LONDON: 27, Leadenhall Street.

TREACHER'S PHŒNIX BRAND, HIGHLAND MALT WHISKEY

THIS genuine Malt Spirit was for many years imported direct by a few Gentlemen of Bombay for their own Consumption, and attained a very considerable private reputation. The suggestion was made to Treacher & Co., Ld., that they should give this Whiskey a trial, and importations were then made. Its introduction into the Indian Market was attended with the most favourable results, it being very highly spoken of by everyone. It has continued to grow in favour, and is now regularly supplied to a large number of Clubs, Messes, and Private Consumers. Treacher's Highland Malt Whiskey is the sole production of a very old Distillery in the Highlands, which confines itself entirely to the distillation of this fine Spirit. Before being bottled, it is allowed to mature in Wood for some years until it has acquired an agreeable odour, and a delicious, full mellow flavour much appreciated by Connoisseurs.

NOTE.—Purchasers of Treacher's Highland Malt Whiskey should observe that each Label and Capsule contains both the Company's Trade Mark, and the Words "Phœnix Brand" stamped thereon.

Cash Price, Rs. 27; Credit, Rs. 30 per doz.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,

WINE MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

DR. JAEGAR'S (GENUINE.)

JAEGAR'S
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JAEGAR'S
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Ladies' Combinations.
Ladies' Under Vests.
Gents' Under Vests.
Gents' Drawers.
Gents' Cholera Belts.
Gents' Cardigan Jackets.
Gents' Shirts with or without Collars attached.
Gents' White Woollen Sweaters.
Gents' Socks.
Gents' Travelling Caps.
Gents' Tam O'Shanters.
Boys' Sailor Suits.
&c., &c., &c.

ASQUITH, LORD, & WHITMORE,

AGENTS, BOMBAY.

UNADULTERATED, PURE AND WHOLESOME.

1. WINES, COGNAC, AND SCOTCH AND IRISH WHISKY.
2. No deleterious or Poisonous Compounds in our Godown.
3. PRICES TO SUIT ALL BUYERS OF DISCERNMENT.
4. Detailed list of Stock sent on application.
5. THE OLDEST HOUSE IN THE TRADE IN INDIA.
6. Established in London and Bordeaux in 1815.
7. TRADE DISCOUNTS TO TRADE BUYERS.
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SPENCER & CO.'S CIGARS.

PROPRIETARY BRANDS:—

SALISBURYS,	GOLD MOHURS,	SIESTAS,
BEACONFIELDS,	IMPERIALS,	MAYOS,
TORPEDOS,	LITTLE RANDOLPHS,	SUMATRAS,

NOTICE:—SPENCER & Co.'s FACTORY at Dindigul is the LARGEST and MOST COMPLETE CIGAR FACTORY IN INDIA. All their Cigars are made from Picked Material, under trained European Management, and they have no hesitation in stating that their Productions are unequalled by any in India.

PROCURABLE FROM ALL THE PRINCIPAL CIGAR DEALERS THROUGHOUT INDIA

CIGAR DRYING BOTTLES.

These Bottles are made with hollow stoppers, in which is placed a bag of lime for absorbing moisture. They are much appreciated by smokers in damp climates, and during the monsoon, for keeping Cigars in smoking condition.

Diameter at base, 7 ins.
Height, including stopper, 11 ins.,
Price Rs. 5-0 nett.

SPECIAL PRICES FOR DEALERS WHICH CAN BE OBTAINED ON APPLICATION.

CIGARS OF ANY SIZE OR SHAPE CAN BE MADE TO ORDER.

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HEAD OFFICE:—MADRAS.

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WATCH, CLOCK, AND CHRONOMETER MAKERS;
GOLD AND SILVERSMITHS;
MANUFACTURERS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION OF JEWELLERY;
DIAMOND AND PEARL MERCHANTS;
DEALERS IN EVERY SORT OF PRECIOUS STONES,
No. 43, ESPLANADE ROAD, AND No. 1, ASH LANE,
BOMBAY, AND AT POONA.

OUR numerous Friends and Customers having often expressed their appreciation of our liberal arrangements for their convenience, we beg to state publicly that we shall always study how best to meet the wishes of all persons dealing with us. The large European and Native establishment of skilled workmen kept by us has lately been increased; and we are prepared to execute all the additional orders, with which we may be favoured, with even greater despatch than heretofore.

THE REPAIRING of WATCHES and CLOCKS is still done entirely by the best-skilled European Watch-makers; and each Time-piece is thoroughly examined and tested by the Managing Director before it leaves their hands.

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TELEPHONES.—The Company's Telephone instruments, being the Master Patents of Graham Bell, Edison and Gower, are unequalled in every particular. They are of the very best English-make, and are thoroughly reliable, and will give greater satisfaction, and be found more economical than the cheap instruments which are offered for sale elsewhere, and which for practical purposes are useless.

The Company are prepared to undertake the erection of Telephone lines and Telephone installations for Native States, Corporations, Companies or private individuals. Estimates furnished on application.

ELECTRIC BELLS.—The Company have a large and varied Stock of the best English-made Electric Bells, Indicators, Pushes, etc., with every recent improvement. Installations for Clubs, Hotels, and Private Residences supplied, and erection undertaken, if required, on moderate terms.

The attention of residents in the Mofussil is directed to the advantage of introducing Electric Bells into their Bungalows for readier communication with servants, whose quarters are often at some distance from the Bungalows.

Instructions given for erection and maintenance.

The Company also supply LIGHTNING CONDUCTORS, MEDICAL INDUCTION COILS, ELECTRIC MOTORS, ELECTRIC FANS, BATTERIES and ELECTRICAL FITTINGS of all kinds.

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THE ONLY REMEDY for NERVOUS EXHAUSTION,

Climatic Anæmia, Incapacity for Work and Mental and Physical Depression is

LUMINOUS PHOSPHORUS.

The Only Forms known to be a Safe and Certain Cure
ARE THE PILLS PREPARED BY THE ORIGINAL MAKERS,

H. & T. KIRBY & Co., Ld.,

Which have been CONSTANTLY PRESCRIBED by the MOST EMINENT PHYSICIANS with great success for the last TWENTY YEARS.

PURCHASERS ARE CAUTIONED AGAINST FRAUDULENT IMITATIONS. Pills which cost the dealer only one-fourth the Price of KIRBY'S, ARE CONSTANTLY PALMED OFF AS GENUINE. Buy in ORIGINAL BOTTLES ONLY, and see that each Bottle carries OUR TRADE MARK.

SIMPLE PHOSPHORUS PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 5), containing 1-20th gr. Phosphorus.
Dr. KIRBY says: "Experience fully warrants the administration of Phosphorus in this dose" in severe attacks of Neuralgia and cases of extreme Nervous Exhaustion; it gives excellent results, taken with food three or four times a day.

PHOSPHORUS AND QUININE PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 3), containing 1-50th gr. Phosphorus.
This is a valuable combination of two powerful restoratives. As a *nutrient tonic* it gives power to the brain and spinal cord. It imparts tone to the digestive organs increases functional activity and improves the condition of the whole system. "is largely employed in India during convalescent stages of intermittent and remittent fevers. It is an excellent remedy for *Malaust* induced by the climate, and is a good prophylactic against *Malaria.*

PHOSPHORUS AND IRON PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 7), containing 1-50th gr. Phosphorus.
This is given with great advantage in *Anæmia, Sciatica,* and other Neuralgic affections, also in the treatment of convalescence from fever and other debilitating diseases. It is an excellent chemical food for anæmic children, and a good adjuvant to a course of cod liver oil.

PHOSPHORUS AND NUX VOMICA PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula No. 6), containing 1-33rd gr. Phosphorus.
This combination is useful in all the cases named above, but especially in cases of feeble digestion and *loss of power,* following excesses. Taken regularly with food for a few weeks it has a powerfully renovating effect on broken-down constitutions.

PHOSPHORUS, QUININE AND NUX VOMICA PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 4), containing 1-50th gr. Phosphorus.
The use of this combination will be gathered from what has been said of the previous Formulæ, Nos. 3 and 6.
For a similar combination with Iron, see No. 9.

COMPOUND PHOSPHORUS PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 9), containing 1-50th gr. Phosphorus, with Iron, Quinine and Strychnia.
This combination of nerve tonics has a very large application It is efficacious in all disorders which are characterised by impoverished blood and diminished nerve power, especially in that low condition of the general health which is induced by overwork, dissipation, and excesses of various kinds. In this state iron and phosphorus is strongly indicated. In Constitutional Syphilis it has a high remedial power, by improving the condition of the blood and by stimulating its regressive power. It is exceedingly energising and strength-giving. As a tonic for convalescents recovering from fever and other exhausting diseases it is unequalled.

STRONG PHOSPHORUS, IRON, QUININE AND NUX VOMICA PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 17), containing 1-25th gr. Phosphorus.
This is double the strength of No. 9 as regards Phosphorus and Quin

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE.

LESSEE AND SOLE PROPRIETOR.....MR. H. STANLEY.
62ND PERFORMANCE
OF THE STANLEY OPERA AND BURLESQUE COMPANY.
TO-NIGHT, SATURDAY 16TH,
OUR GRAND VARIETIES FOR THE BENEFIT OF MR. T. EMPSON,
THE COMIQUE,
Manager of the Stanley Opera Company.
On which occasion MR. GEORGE MILN, the EMINENT TRAGEDIAN, has kindly consented to appear in the CLOSET SCENE IN HAMLET.
The immense and great success "YEOMAN OF THE GUARD" will be repeated
On MONDAY, JANUARY 18.
TUESDAY, 19TH,
"STRUCK OIL."
In Active Preparation London Latest Success,
THE "NAUTCH GIRL."
DOORS OPEN AT 8-30. OVERTURE AT 9.
PRICES AS USUAL.
Box Plan open daily at D. MACROPOLO and Co's from 8 a.m. till 7 p.m., where Seats can be booked and obtained for all parts of the House. T. EMPSON, Manager.

NOVELTY THEATRE.

TO-DAY, SATURDAY, JANUARY 16TH, 4 P.M.
MR. GEO. C. MILN'S
SECOND SHAKESPEARIAN READING,
"OTHELLO."
UNDER THE DISTINGUISHED PATRONAGE OF
C. M. CURSETJEE, Esq.,
President, and the Members of
THE BOMBAY AMATEUR DRAMATIC CLUB.
Box Plan at Soundy's.
Student's Tickets at "Kaiser-i-Hind" Press.

S. S. "NETHERBY HALL" ARRIVED
15th January, 1892.

CONSIGNEES are requested TO TAKE DELIVERY of their CARGO from the VICTORIA DOCK. Chafed or Broken Packages must be surveyed before removal from the Landing Shed. The Undersigned decline to survey GOODS removed to the Unclaimed Warehouse.
Lifts exceeding 30 cwts. will be delivered into Consignees' Boats, and, if not alongside in time, will be landed or placed in Boats at Steamer's option at their risk and expense.
Captain CLARK will attend every morning to survey damages, &c., and all Claims must be certified to by him, and sent in within a month of Steamer's arrival, or they will not be paid.
EDWARD, BATES & CO.,
Agents.
Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, 15th January, 1892.

THE Undersigned keeps in Stock MISCELLANEOUS STORES for immediate Supply, such as Mills, Ship and Railway Stores, Hardware, Ammunition, Sulphur, Blasting, Fuses, Red lead, Turpentine, Brushes, Pig lead, all sorts of paints, Oil, Varnishes, Ropes of best quality and all sizes, Kerosine Oil, of the well known Brands, Cocoanut Oil, Castor Oil, and many other articles too numerous to mention.
FOR SALE,
SNOW FLAKE KEROSINE OIL 150°, to arrive.
Orders for large and small quantities will be attended to.
હેપ્લા ગેસ્પ્રાસની કું૦
i. e., HEPTOOLA SHAIK ADUM and Co.,
Agents for Messrs. Curtis's and Harvey Gun Powder and Blasting Powder.

NOW READY.
"BOMBAY GAZETTE"
OVERLAND SUMMARY.

The *BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY*, prepared for despatch by each Overland Mail for Europe, contains, in addition to all the news of the week, a specially-written Market and Freight Report, and a well-digested Summary of Events.
Annual subscription (in advance) .....Rs. 12.
Single copy .....As. 4.
"Bombay Gazette" Office, Esplanade Road, Fort.

WANTED.

A BOOK-KEEPER and ACCOUNTANT for the Swadeshi Mill, Nagpur, C.P. None need apply who has had no experience in Mill Accounts and Book-keeping. English and Marathi knowledge is essential. Applicant to state age, pay, and should submit Copies of Testimonials to the Undersigned before the 25th of January, 1892.
Rejected Applications will not be answered.
RAJARAM SITARAM DIKSHIT,
Honorary Manager and Secretary,
Swadeshi Mill, Nagpur.
Nagpur, January, 1892.

BUT WHY SUFFER WITH
COUGH AND COLD?
USE
ST. MARTIN'S
PULMONARY BALSAM.
The never-failing Specific for
PULMONARY
COUGH, COLD, ASTHMA,
BRONCHITIS,
WHOOPING COUGH, SORE THROAT,
and settled
CONSUMPTION.
It is a powerful
VOICE TONIC,
clears the throat of
HOARSENESS,
and strengthens the
VOCAL ORGAN.
☞ Reduced Prices As. 8 and Re. 1-0.
F. S. MADON & Co.,
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Towards Evening, extract from the Writings of Cardinal Manning for every day of the year; cloth, gilt, red edges	1 0
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CATHOLIC BOOK DEPOT,
OPPOSITE GENERAL POST OFFICE,
FORT, BOMBAY.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.
VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, Empress of India.
Petition for Letters of Administration of the Property and Credits of BUDRIDAS HARNARAYEN, Mysore Marwady, late of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, Deceased. LUCHMIBAI, widow of the said Deceased.....Petitioner.
ALL PERSONS claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed Deceased, are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Letters of Administration.
Witness SIR CHARLES SARGENT, Kt., Chief Justice at Bombay, aforesaid, the 12th Day of January, in the Year of Our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and Ninety-Two and in the Fifty-Fifth Year of Our Reign.
J. W. ORR,
Registrar.
The Seal of the High Court at Bombay.
L. N. BANAJEE.
The 12th Day of January, 1892.
Messrs. LITTLE, SMITH, FREERE, & NICHOLSON, Petitioner's Attorneys.

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.
CAPITAL—£2,000,000 STERLING.
TOTAL ACCUMULATED FUNDS, invested in the best and safest Securities, now amount to
£5,672,040 17s. 8d. STERLING.
FIRE BRANCH.
POLICIES covering risks on MERCHANDISE, BUILDINGS, SPINNING MILLS, COTTON AND JUTE PRESSES, SHOPS, BUNGALOWS, HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, HOTELS, AND WAREHOUSES in BOMBAY and in the MOFUSSIL, granted on most favourable terms. COAL on the BUNDERS and KEROSINE OIL also covered.

Fire Premium for 1892	£399,290	0	0
" 1891	£388,136	0	0
" 1890	£355,039	0	0
" 25 Years	£1,104,175	16	10

LIFE BRANCH.
NATIVE LIVES ASSURED AT EUROPEAN RATES. LARGE REDUCTION IN RATES.
POLICIES granted by the UNDERSIGNED without reference to Head Office on APPROVED lives. MILITARY LIVES in CIVIL employ have extra premium returned.
ENDOWMENT ASSURANCES, payable at fixed periods of ADULT, and Children on very favourable terms.
LAST REVERSIONARY BONUS 72 per cent.
REDUCTION TO EUROPEAN RATES, when Assured leave either Alexandria or Port Said.

Accumulated LIFE FUND now amounts to	£3,473,114	5	9
Total ACCUMULATED FUNDS	£6,161,508	13	11

GROWTH OF FUNDS.

1876	£2,957,174 12 4	1881	£5,348,407 0 4
1879	£4,230,506 15 11	1889	£6,161,508 13 11

THOS. H. MOORE & Co.,
Agents, Royal Insurance Company
Hummum Street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BOMBAY SKATING RINK.

TO-DAY, SATURDAY, 16TH JANUARY, 1892.
FLOOR IN SPLENDID CONDITION.
EXCELLENT MUSIC.
LADIES' SESSION ..... 11 a.m. to 1 p.m.
CHILDREN'S SESSION ..... 3 to 5 p.m.
AFTERNOON SESSION ..... 5 to 7 p.m.
EVENING SESSION ..... 8-30 to 11 p.m.
An excellent BRASS BAND plays a choice Selections of Music during the Afternoon from 3 to 5 and again from 5 to 7 and 8-30 to 11 P.M.
ADMISSION Re.-1, WITH FREE USE OF SKATES.

GRAND CARNIVAL.
TO BE HELD
UNDER DISTINGUISHED PATRONAGE,
LOOK-OUT! LOOK-OUT!!
For Hand-bills and Advertisements.
NUGENT AND CO.,
Proprietors.

NOVELTY THEATRE.
TO-NIGHT,
THE ALFRED DRAMATIC COMPANY
Will perform
Their much-applauded Parsee Social Drama,
"HOMLO HAVO,"
By MR. NANABHOY R. RANINA,
"MEHERA"—The English Actress in Parsee Garb.
Secure Seats Early.

G. I. P. RY. PAREL GYMKHANA.
THIS SATURDAY AFTERNOON, AT 4 P.M.,
ATHLETIC SPORTS, 11 EVENTS.
3 OPEN TO ALL COMERS.
AT CONCLUSION ALFRESCO DANCE FREE.
ALL ARE WELCOME.

JUST UNPACKED.
1 lb. box of MUSCATAL RAISINS, Re. 1 each.
1 lb. box of SMYRNA FIGS, Annas 12 each.
MORENAS & COMPANY,
ICED CONFECTIONERS
AND
GENERAL MERCHANTS.

NOTICE.
THE ARMY AND NAVY CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETY, LIMITED,
OF VICTORIA STREET, LONDON.
BOMBAY DEPOT:—APOLLO STREET, FORT.
IN consequence of the continued Decline in EXCHANGE, all PRICES for GOODS SUPPLIED at the above Depot on and from the 18th Instant will be advanced FIVE PER CENT. until further notice.
LATHAM & CO.,
Managing Agents, Bombay.
15th January, 1892.

NOW READY.
THE BOMBAY PRICE CURRENT and SUMMARY OF TRADE.
Published once a week at the *Bombay Gazette* Office on the departure of the Overland Mail for Europe.
The Bombay Price Current contains—
A Specially-Written Market Report.
Freight Report, &c.
Summary of Cotton Exports during the Week.
Imports and Exports of Bullion.
Quotations of Imports and Exports, and Customs' Duties.
Comparative Summaries of Exports from Bombay, up to date as per Ships' Manifests, with the total Exports for the month, and for the same period as far back as 1870 and 1878, respectively.
Comparative Summaries of Imports, of Piece-Goods, and of Yarn into Bombay from Great Britain up to date, with the total for the month, and the same period as far back as 1870 and 1878, respectively.
Share Lists and Rates of Exchange.
List of Vessels in Bombay Harbour on the date of publication, arrivals and departures of Vessels during the week, and Vessels expected from Out and Home Ports.
Charters and Engagement.
Annual Subscription in advance....Rs 10.
Single Copy.....Annas. 4.
"Bombay Gazette" Office, Esplanade Road, Fort.

NOTICES.

BOMBAY ART UNION.
SANCTIONED by the GOVERNMENT of BOMBAY. For the PURCHASE OF PICTURES at the Exhibition next February.
TICKETS ONE RUPEE EACH
Obtainable at Messrs. Soundy and Co., LL., Messrs. Kemp and Co., Ld., Army, Navy, and Civil Service Co-operative Stores of India, The Bombay Presidency Association: Watson's Esplanade Hotel; Messrs. D. B. Dinshaw and Co.; Bombay Circulating Library, Book Department, No. 2, opposite to General Post Office, Fort, Bombay.

I HAVE ESTABLISHED myself as MERCHANT and COMMISSION AGENT under the Style of M. OSTERMAYER AND CO.
M. OSTERMAYER.
Bombay, January, 1892.

JINJWA and DHARAMPORE PHOOL HAY of best quality, in pressed Bales, always in Stock FOR SALE. Apply
LIDBETTER and Co.,
Agents. The Pressed Hay Supply Company, 75, Apollo Street.

NOTICE.
THE AHMEDABAD HORSE SHOW, ANNUALLY held in March, will this year be held on the 8th of February and following days, at Ahmedabad. Over Rs. 3,000 offered in Prizes.
H. KENNEDY,
Hon. Secy.
Ahmedabad, 1st January, 1892.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.
NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.
INTEREST WARRANTS for Half-year ending 31st December, 1891, including the Dividend out of Surplus Profit for half-year ended 30th June, 1891, have THIS DAY been posted.
G. A. BARNETT,
Agent.
Victoria Terminus, Bombay, 14th January, 1892.

NEW YORK LIFE INSURANCE CO.
(1845)
FOR many years has issued Policies with treble options, which have given great satisfaction. For Terms and Particulars apply to
TURNER, MORRISON & Co.,
Chief Agents for Bombay.

TO CONTRACTORS.
I.—SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Ordnance Officer up to 12 Noon, on 12th February 1892, for the SUPPLY of MISCELLANEOUS; SOAP YELLOW best and Soap Yellow to the Arsenals and Corps in the Bombay Circle, and other her stores (more or less) to the Bombay Arsenal from 1st April 1892, up to the 31st March 1893. The term "more" includes the supply of Stores if required up to 25 per cent. in excess of the original tender.
II.—Printed forms of "Lists or Schedules" of the stores (more or less) for the supply of which tender is invited, and the form of contract deed which, in the event of a tender being accepted, must be signed and sealed by the contractors, are obtainable at this office daily (Sundays and holidays excepted) from 18th January to 16th February, 1892, between 10 A.M. and 4 P.M. and on SATURDAYS, till 1 P.M.
III.—Tenders will only be received on these printed forms which are procurable on application at this Office, Miscellaneous, at the rate of Two Rupees and Annas Eight for Soap for each Set.
IV.—Tenders will be opened at this office at 12 O'clock noon on Friday, the 12th February, 1892. Parties tendering are invited to attend.
V.—All further Particulars can be obtained from the Undersigned.
E. WIGHTON, R.A.,
Lieut.-Col.,
Ordnance Officer in Charge.
Bombay, 11th January, 1892.

BOMBAY, BARODA AND CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY,
INCLUDING
RAJPUTANA-MALWA RAILWAY.
TENDER FOR KEROSINE OIL.
1. TENDERS are invited and will be received by the Agent at his Office, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay, up to 1 p.m. Gunfire, on MONDAY; the 1st February 1892, for the supply of 75,000 Imperial gallons of Kerosine Oil, required for the Broad and Metre Gauge Sections of the Company's system during the year commencing 1st March 1892.
2. Forms of Tenders and conditions of contract on which Tenders will be received may be obtained on application to either the Deputy Storekeeper, R.-M. Railway, Ajmere, or to the Storekeeper, Parel, on payment of Rs. 2 for each copy.
3. In respect to the Metre Gauge requirements, Tenderers will be required to quote separately (in the columns provided for the purpose on the Forms) their rates for delivery at Bombay or Ajmere respectively.
4. Tenders should be superscribed "Tender for Kerosine Oil," and a deposit of Rs. 1,000 must accompany the tender, on acceptance of which a further deduction of 10 per cent. will be made from each payment, till the total deposit amounts to 10 per cent. of the total amount of the accepted Tender, as security for the due fulfilment of the contract. Government Paper or other Securities to be endorsed in favor of the B. B. and C. I. Railway Company.
5. The Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.
S. A. DUIGAN,
Storekeeper.
Storekeeper's Office, Parel, 8th January, 1892.

AUG. A. FRIDLANDER,
PRECIOUS STONE DEALER,
31, HYLTON STREET, Birmingham, England.
OPEN to receive fine goods (only) in PEARLS, SAPPHIRES, RUBIES, and other PRECIOUS STONES.
Immediate Telegraphic Cash Offers.
Consignments can be made direct or through the Oriental Bank Corporation, who will furnish necessary references.
BRANCH OFFICES:—34, Rue Lafayette, Paris; Mille Colonnes, Amsterdam.
BANKERS.—National Provincial Bank of England, Birmingham; Austerdamsche Bank, Amsterdam; Oltray and Co., Paris; Gebruder Stern Hanau, Germany.

LAYS OF THE LAW.—Being a Selection of LEADING CASES from the BOMBAY HIGH COURT REPORTS done in VERSE after the manner of various other great Poets; by W. E. H. PRICE, Rs. 1[illegible]

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1; each succeeding line. As. 8. No Trade advertisements are admitted under this scale.

GENTLEMEN'S Pearl-headed TOILET PINS, at Rs. 5, 6, 7, and 10 each. Fancy Jewellery in great variety.—Messrs. MARCKS and Co., Ld., Jewellers, and Diamond Merchants, 43, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, and at Poona.

MAHABLESHWAR DAWK RE-OPENED —Comfortable PHAETON and TONGA DAWKS from POONA to MAHABLESHWAR, also from WAI-HAR to MAHABLESHWAR, can be obtained at reasonable rates from BURJORJEE PEROSHAW, Diplomaed Dawk Supplier to H. E. the Governor of Bombay and Staff.

TO WATCHMAKERS and JEWELLERS. —WHY buy GERMAN-made MATERIALS & TOOLS from Bazar? Go to CURSETJEE COWASJEE, G. I. P. Railway Watchmaker, where you find none but English and Swiss Materials and Tools at Reasonable Prices.

"BOMBAY FINE ART EXHIBITION— Pictures Mounted and Framed," and sent in for Ensuing Exhibition according to the Society's Rules.—D. B. DINSHAW and Co., Bombay Fine Art Gallery.

COTTAGE PIANO (Soundy and Co.) nearly new. Cost Rs. 650, what offers? Owner going home. "M. B. J.," care of this Office.

MR. R. P. GUARDA, P. W. Inspector, Bengal-Nagpore Railway, says:—As three Phials of Motiwala's Ringworm Powder cured nine persons suffering from a Chronic Disease of five or six years' standing, it has become a favorite medicine all along the line. I have to thank Mr. Motiwala as I am myself cured of Ringworm.

ALEXANDRA HOTEL, BOMBAY.—I stayed at the Alexandra Hotel with my wife and child for 4 days, and found everything very comfortable; indeed, always a good table; the rooms are well ventilated and clean. I found the Proprietor and Servants very attentive. I am well satisfied and shall have much pleasure in recommending my friends to the same.—G. CARTER, Bengal Ordnance Department.

RECEIVED DANCE MUSIC ROLLS to Bijou Orchestran Organs at Rs. 4 each. Music Rolls not approved can be exchanged.—STEFFENAUER and Co., Fort, Bombay.

WANTED, by a European, a SITUATION, as Secretary or Correspondent; several languages; good testimonials. Apply to "A. X.," care of this Paper.

TONGA DAK, Ahmednagar to Aurangabad and thence to Jalna. Strong, comfortable, roomy Tongas and good Ponies.—Apply FARDUNJEE'S Agent care of Messrs. CARSETJEE & SONS, Ahmednagar.

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OUR CARPET ROOM is now open to Public Exhibition. Indian-made Carpets of all Sizes; also rugs, dhurries, floor-cloths and mats.—S. J. TELLERY and Co., Dealers in Indian Arts and Curios.

RIPON HOTEL, MAHABLESHWAR, OPEN from October. Most Central Situation, and best accommodation. Private Sitting Rooms to single Ladies and Gents as well as Married Couples.

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INVESTMENTS.—The purchase and sale effected of GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, BANK and all other SHARES and STOCKS. INTEREST and DIVIDENDS realised. SECURITIES kept in safe custody. Printed forms of Powers of Attorney supplied.

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SARSAPARILLA.
THIS preparation has been prescribed with great success in cases of Weakness, Scurvy, Scrofula, Rheumatic Affections, Sore-eyes and all other diseases arising from impurities of the blood. Price: Re. 1-8 per phial packing, As. 4; Dozen, Rs. 15.
WONDERFUL RHEUMATIC OIL, S. N. G.'s.
It is a valuable remedy in Rheumatism, Lumbago Sciatica, Rheumatic Gout, etc., of any standing. Price Re. 1 per phial; packing, As. 2; Dozen, Rs. 10.
SPLEEN MIXTURE, S. N. G.'s
Is one of the best and most reliable medicines for Spleen Enlargement, and never fails to give relief. Price: Re. 1-4 per phial; packing, As. 2; Dozen, Rs. 12.
S. N. GHOSH, Chemist,
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Being a reprint of two letters to the *Bombay Gazette*, and a Lecture by
F. BEAUCLERK,
Price 8 Annas,
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EPPS'S COCOA.
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"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws, which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately-flavoured beverage, which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us, ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—See article of the *Civil Service Gazette*.
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Who suffer from NERVOUS DEBILITY, Loss of VIGOUR, EXHAUSTED VITALITY, KINDRED DISEASES, &c. A Treatise explaining the renowned MARSTON treatment by local absorption, the only positive cure without Stomach Medicines, will be sent in plain wrapper, post free, upon application.
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NOTICE.

UNCLAIMED WATCHES.

THE WATCHES mentioned in the following List having been left for repairs during the last few years at our Establishment in Bombay, WE HEREBY GIVE NOTICE that unless the same are claimed by the rightful Owners, on or before the 1st of March, 1892, WE CANNOT ACCEPT FURTHER RESPONSIBILITY for their RETURN, and after that date we shall decline to entertain any application concerning them:—

By Order of the Board of Directors,
MARCKS & CO., LD.,
C. MARCKS,
Managing Director.

SILVER WATCHES.

DESCRIPTION OF WATCH.	NAME.	DATE.
Open-faced Key-winding Lever, Plain Case	Mr. Jones	10th May, 1877.
Half-Hunting do. do Enamelled Figures	" T. H. Sealy	19th September, 1877.
Hunting Keyless Lever, Engine-turned Cases	" H. C. Dutt	24th August, 1882.
Crystal-faced Key-winding Lever do.	" T. Mullone	1st October, 1883.
Open-faced do. Cylinder do.	" E. Spence	31st March, 1884.
Hunting do. Lever do.	Lieut. Spring	8th July, 1885.
Open-faced do. do. Plain Cases	Mr. T. Ward	8th October, 1885.
Do. do. Engine-turned Cases	Sergt. H. Smith	13th September, 1889.
Crystal-faced Keyless do. do.	Mr. A. Guillermo	2nd January, 1890.

METAL WATCHES.

Crystal-faced Key-winding Lever, Black Dial	Capt. C. Yates	18th March, 1881.
Double Crystal Keyless Cylinder, Gilt Case	Mr. Young	14th July, 1885.
Crystal-faced Key-winding do. do.	Ali Tala	4th February, 1887.
Do. Keyless do. Plain Case	Yeggian Iyet	16th October, 1888.
Do. do. Enamelled Case	Mr. J. J. Walmsley	10th May, 1889.

Owners of these Watches are requested to make an early Application to

MESSRS. MARCKS AND Co., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

"BAHADUR"
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THE best that Money can buy, or Skill produce. Shipped to all climes from Pole to Pole. Made in seven different Shapes and Sizes, so as to meet all Tastes and Requirements.

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"BAHADUR"
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SMOKE, AND YOU WILL ALWAYS ENJOY

BAHADUR REGALIAS	6	inches long, in boxes of		50
BAHADUR PRINCESSAS	5	"	"	50
BAHADUR No. 1	4½	"	"	100
BAHADUR " 2	4	"	"	100
BAHADUR " 3	3¾	"	"	100
BAHADUR MANILLAS	4	"	"	100
BAHADUR MORNING WHIFFS	3	"	"	200

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☞ *N. B.*—Our Factory adjoins our Office, and is, therefore, under our immediate Personal Supervision.

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AERATED WATER MANUFACTURERS', BREWERS',
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MANUFACTURERS BY APPOINTMENT TO HER IMPERIAL MAJESTY THE EMPRESS OF INDIA.

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PULVERMACHER'S WORLD-FAMED GALVANIC BELTS, for the cure of NERVOUS DISEASES, have received Testimonials from Three Physicians to Her Majesty the Queen, and the leading Physicians of nine London Hospitals, including over Forty Members of the Royal College of Physicians of London.
The distressing symptoms of NERVOUS EXHAUSTION, LOSS OF MUSCULAR POWER, RHEUMATISM, SCIATICA, PARALYSIS, EPILEPSY, &c., are speedily removed by means of PULVERMACHER'S WORLD-FAMED GALVANIC BELTS, which convey the electric current direct to the affected parts, gradually stimulating and strengthening all the nerves and muscles, and speedily arresting all symptoms of premature waste and decay.
SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Physician to Her Majesty the Queen, says:—"PULVERMACHER'S BELTS are very effective in Neuralgic and Rheumatic affections, and I have prescribed them largely in my practice for other similar maladies, paralysis, &c."
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194, Regent Street, London, W.
[ESTABLISHED OVER FORTY YEARS.]

OVERLAND SUMMARY, published Weekly on the departure of English Mail. 28 Pages of the *Full Mail Budget* size, containing all the information of the previous week carefully arranged; Army Orders, &c. Indian Subscription, Rs. 12 per year, free of postage. English subscription Rs. 17 per year, including postage.

PRICE CURRENT—Published once a Week, Contains Shipping Arrivals, Departures, Exports, Imports and other Commercial News. Subscription—Rs. 12 per year.

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THE BANK OF CHINA, JAPAN, AND THE STRAITS, LIMITED.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	$2,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	£ 250,000
RESERVE FUND	£ 225,000
UNCALLED CAPITAL	£1,750,000

HEAD OFFICE:
31, LOMBARD ST., LONDON, E.C.
BOMBAY AGENCY.
INTEREST ALLOWED:
"ON CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.....2½ Per Cent. Per Annum on the Minimum Weekly Balances."
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12 Months.....4½ per cent. per Annum.
6 Months.....4 "
3 Months.....3 "
For shorter periods, terms on application.
T. PAYN,
Agent.
OFFICES—Old Secretariat, Apollo Street.

NATIONAL BANK of INDIA, LIMITED.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£ 1,000,000.
PAID-UP CAPITAL	£ 500,000.
RESERVE FUND	£ 100,000.

The Capital has been adjusted at 1s. 6d. per rupee at a cost of £116,625.
HEAD OFFICE:
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CALCUTTA, BOMBAY, MADRAS, COLOMBO, KURRACHEE, DELHI, RANGOON, AND MANDALAY.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balances when the sum at credit exceeds Rs. 1,000.
DEPOSITS are received for Fixed Periods at Rates of Interest which may be ascertained on application.
BILLS of EXCHANGE payable in the Principal Cities of Europe, India and Australia, purchased or collected.
DRAFTS issued at the Exchange of the day on the Bank's Head Office and Branches, also on Provincial Towns in Great Britain, on Paris and on the Chief Towns in Australia and New Zealand; and, when required, the Bank will forward the First of Exchange to the payees free of charge. Remittances may also be sent by telegram.
The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares, and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividends when due.
JAS. BUCHAN,
Manager.

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CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened, and Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per Annum on the minimum balance, if not drawn below Rs. 500 during the preceding half-year.
FIXED DEPOSITS received subject to 12, 6, or 3 months notice, at rates to be learnt on application.
BILLS of EXCHANGE and TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS on the United Kingdom, Calcutta, and Madras granted at the best rate of the day.
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LOANS and CASH CREDITS for long or short periods granted on easy terms, and approved Bills or Cheques discounted.
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BANKS.

Names.	Shares.	Amount.	Paid-up.	Last Half-Yearly Divd.	Cash Rate.
INDIAN BANKS.					
Bank of Bombay	20,000	Rs. 500	Rs. 500	Rs. 25	Rs. 900
Bank of Bengal	40,000	500	all	9 pr. ct.	982xd
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	6 pr. ct.	330
EXCHANGE BANKS.					
Agra	100,000	£10	all	5 pr. ct.	12½
Charter Bank	40,000	£20	£20	7 pr. ct.	£28
Char. Mercantile	30,000	£25	£23	5 pr. ct.	330
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation	80.	$125	all	15 pr. ct.	£33—
National Bank of India	37,320	£25	£12½	5 pr. ct.	80
New Oriental Bank	50,000	£10	all	6 pr. ct.	150
Silver Share	..	..	..	..	100

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad	1600	1,000	1,000	90	1,400
Alliance	1,200	100	all	Rs. 20	48
Anglo-Indian	9,345	100	100	5	81
Bellary S & W Co. Ld. (Bellary)	871	500	all	9 per.ct.	500
Bombay Unified	900	11,000	1,000	25	625
Bombay Spinning Manfg. Co.	600	500	500	20	405
Bombay Spinning Manfg. Co., Ld.	800	1,000	1,000	..	460 nom
Britannia Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	30	535
Central India	3,750	500	500	35	1,220
China Mills Co. Ld.	800	1,000	1,000	Nil	575
City of Bombay Mills	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1000
Connaught Mills	600	500	500	10 pr.ct.	645
Colaba Land & Mill	4,000	700	700	30	640
Coorla Mills	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 25	840
Coral Mills Co. Ld.	5,698	100	100	50	40
David Mill	1,400	500	500	Rs. 30	442
Dhun Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	50	880
Empress	2,100	500	500	10 pr.ct.	580
Framjee Petit	1,200	1,000	1,000	Rs. 25	940
Gordon Mills	2,000	1,000	1,000	Nil.	90
Hindustan	878	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	720
Hingangnghat Mill	700	500	500	40	600
Howard and Bullough	1,800	500	500	25	575
Hyderabad	700	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	800
Imperial Cotton	900	500	500	Rs. 17-8	333
Indian Manfg.	1,320	1,000	1,000	Rs. 90	977½
James Greaves	1,100	500	500	10 pr.ct.	645
Jaffer Alli	600	500	500	Nil.	340
Jamshedji Manufacturing Co.	1,800	250	250	12½	222
Jewraz Baloo	1,000	1,000	1,000	30	745
Jubilee Mills Co., Ld	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	500 xd
Khandelsh	750	1,000	1,000	30	640
Khatau Makanjee Manfg. Co.	400	250	250	Nil.	610
Khatau Makanjee	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 25	550
Leopold	3,500	100	100	15 pr.ct.	190
Lord Reay Mfg	445	1,000	1,000	35	700
Lukmidas Spinning & Weaving Co	1,000	1,000	1,000	57½	960
Madras United	350	1,000	1,000	100	2,0 0
Mahalaxmee	600	1,000	1,000	Nil.	420
Mahboob Shah Mills (Gulburga)	2,400	500	500	15 pr.ct.	500nom
Manockjee Petit	4,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 70	1,370
Mazagon	5,000	250	250	8	110
Morarji Goculdas	1,030	1,000	1,000	70	1,740
Maharaja Mysore S & M Co	4,500	100	100	7 pr.ct.	105
Madura Mills	7,778	100	100	Nil.	pa.
National	900	1,000	1,000	Nil.	175
New Great Eastern	1,400	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	680
Oriental	5,725	625	625	Rs. 12½	430
Presidency Mills Co (Ld.)	743	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1,175
Queen Mills	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	670
Ripon Mills	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1,085xd
Sassoon	1,500	1,000	1,000	25	1,450
Sholapore Mills	600	1,000	1,000	60	1,015
Soonderdas	750	1,000	1,000	35	490
Southern India	1,000	500	500	Nil.	100nom
Southern Maharatta	1,212	250	250	12½	267½
Sun Mills, Ld.	1,300	250	250	7	215
Star of India	1,000	1,000	1,000	20	455
Swadeshi Mills	3,000	500	500	Rs. 20	460
Union Spinning and Manufacturing Co	900	1,000	1,000	Nil.	675
Victoria Mills	550	1,000	1,000	25	370xd
Western India	1,200	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	680
Wadia Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	..	700

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

			Last half-yearly guar.		
G. I. P. R. Consolidated Stock	—	2100	all	5 p.c	2,400
do. & C. I. R. New £18 Shares	—	£ 18	—	do.	420

PRESS COMPANIES.

Akbar	200	1,250	1,250	75	1,100xd
Albert Gimming Co	100	500	all	18 pr.ct.	450
Albert (Kurrachee)	200	1,100	1,100	90	810
Apollo	750	2,400	2,200	Nil.	205
Bellary	167	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	575
BombayCotton Broul's Cawnpore PressCo Ld	1,000	125	125	10	127½
Bombay Printing Manfg. Co.	600	500	500	20	405
Bombay Nagonal Manfg. Co., Ld.	800	1,000	1,000	..	460 nom
Britannia Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	30	535
Central India	3,750	500	500	35	1,220
China Mills Co. Ld.	800	1,000	1,000	Nil	575
City of Bombay Mills	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1000
Connaught Mills	600	500	500	10 pr.ct.	645
Colaba Land & Mill	4,000	700	700	30	640
Coorla Mills	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 25	840
Coral Mills Co. Ld.	5,698	100	100	50	40
David Mill	1,400	500	500	Rs. 30	442
Dhun Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	50	880
Empress	2,100	500	500	10 pr.ct.	580
Framjee Petit	1,200	1,000	1,000	Rs. 25	940
Gordon Mills	2,000	1,000	1,000	Nil.	90
Hindustan	878	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	720
Hingangnghat Mill	700	500	500	40	600
Howard and Bullough	1,800	500	500	25	575
Hyderabad	700	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	800
Imperial Cotton	900	500	500	Rs. 17-8	333
Indian Manfg.	1,320	1,000	1,000	Rs. 90	977½
James Greaves	1,100	500	500	10 pr.ct.	645
Jaffer Alli	600	500	500	Nil.	340
Jamshedji Manufacturing Co.	1,800	250	250	12½	222
Jewraz Baloo	1,000	1,000	1,000	30	745
Jubilee Mills Co., Ld	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	500 xd
Khandelsh	750	1,000	1,000	30	640
Khatau Makanjee Manfg. Co.	400	250	250	Nil.	610
Khatau Makanjee	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 25	550
Leopold	3,500	100	100	15 pr.ct.	190
Lord Reay Mfg	445	1,000	1,000	35	700
Lukmidas Spinning & Weaving Co	1,000	1,000	1,000	57½	960
Madras United	350	1,000	1,000	100	2,0 0
Mahalaxmee	600	1,000	1,000	Nil.	420
Mahboob Shah Mills (Gulburga)	2,400	500	500	15 pr.ct.	500nom
Manockjee Petit	4,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 70	1,370
Mazagon	5,000	250	250	8	110
Morarji Goculdas	1,030	1,000	1,000	70	1,740
Maharaja Mysore S & M Co	4,500	100	100	7 pr.ct.	105
Madura Mills	7,778	100	100	Nil.	pa.
National	900	1,000	1,000	Nil.	175
New Great Eastern	1,400	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	680
Oriental	5,725	625	625	Rs. 12½	430
Presidency Mills Co (Ld.)	743	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1,175
Queen Mills	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	670
Ripon Mills	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1,085xd
Sassoon	1,500	1,000	1,000	25	1,450
Sholapore Mills	600	1,000	1,000	60	1,015
Soonderdas	750	1,000	1,000	35	490
Southern India	1,000	500	500	Nil.	100nom
Southern Maharatta	1,212	250	250	12½	267½
Sun Mills, Ld.	1,300	250	250	7	215
Star of India	1,000	1,000	1,000	20	455
Swadeshi Mills	3,000	500	500	Rs. 20	460
Union Spinning and Manufacturing Co	900	1,000	1,000	Nil.	675
Victoria Mills	550	1,000	1,000	25	370xd
Western India	1,200	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	680
Wadia Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	..	700
Akbar	200	1,250	1,250	75	1,100xd
Albert Gimming Co	100	500	all	18 pr.ct.	450
Albert (Kurrachee)	200	1,100	1,100	90	810
Apollo	750	2,400	2,200	Nil.	205
Bellary	167	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	575
BombayCotton Broul's Cawnpore PressCo Ld	1,000	125	125	10	127½
Bombay Printing Manfg. Co.	500	200	200	16	115
Bombay Nagonal Manfg. Co., Ld.	600	1,980	1,980	45 dvd	350
Bombay Printing and Manfg.	400	250	..	Rs. 20	175xd
Fort	515	2,500	2,500	100	975
French	300	500	all	50	545
Harvey and Sabapathy	450	450	500	30	410xd
Hemgeli Press Co, Ld	750	400	all	32½	137½
Khangaum	240	450	450	63	465
Mahmadpur a Cottonfi, and P. Co., Ld	300	500	500	pr. ct.	500
Mercantile	1,000	125	125	Rs. 10	80 ct
Mofussil Co	2,125	400	400	Rs. 40	435
Munmar M	1,000	250	all	Rs. 35	237½
New Berar	1,200	500	500	55	555
New Indian	4,000	125	125	Rs. 12½	107½
Prince of Wales	600	500	500	20	370
Sabapathy(Bellary)	500	500	50	20	500
Sassoon	300	500	500	25	500
Sind and Punjab Co	100	1,000	1,000	135	1,150
Sind	400	2,000	750	35	445
Sorab Woollen Mills	1,200	250	250	75	210
Volkart	..	1,000	100	Rs. 100	830

MISCELLANEOUS.

				Last Dividend.	
Alcock Ashdown	1,000	200	200	10	250
	750	50	150	7½	195
BackBay Baths	600	50	50	12	40
Badhan Pille	5,800	100	100	12	108
Bapty Brothers	6,625	200	185	18	42
Berar Oil Mills Co., Limited	1,250	100	all	Nil.	100nom
Bombay Fire Insurance	600	2,500	1,000	75	830
Bombay & Burma Trading Corporation	1,000	2,500	1,500	270	3,600xd
Do. New Issue.	500	375	625	67½	900
Bombay Iron Mfg. Co., Ld.	1,250	100	100	36	91
Bombay Land and Building Co., Ld.	400	500	500	3 pr.ct.	630
Bombay Flour Mill	1,000	500	500	Rs. 37½	870
Deccan Ice Co.	1,170	100	100	4 pr.ct.	15
Deccan Paper Mills	1,000	500	500	5 pr.ct.	395
Delhi and Northern India Flour Mills	1,500	200	200	Rs. 14	150
Goyer&Co., Ld.	500	100	70	..	70 nom
Indian Guarantee & Surety Ship Assn	5,000	100	10	10 pr.ct.	14
John Roberts & Co.	1,500	100	100	10 pr.ct.	101
Kemp & Co.	4,000	200	175	28½	306
Lending Maharanee Ice Manufacturing Co.	3,500	100	100	Nil.	40
Marcks & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100	Rs. 10	91
NapierHotel Co	2,000	100	100	9 pr.ct.	51xd
NapierFoundry	1,000	100	200	..	60
Oriental Govt. Security Life Insurance	5,000	200	50	12 pr.ct.	180
Oriental Loan	5,000	20	20	8 pr.ct.	19
Phillips & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100	7 pr.ct.	77
Port Canning Co.	6,000	1,000	1,000	20	470
Prince of Wales Fredn. Royal Flour Mills	250	8,000	1,000	N dvd.	2,350
Sowdy & Co	2,500	100	100	..	30
Southwell and Austin, Ld.	1,000	100	100	9	80
	Ord. 1,000	100	100	5 pr.ct.	50
Do.	Prf. 1,000	100	100	10 pr.ct.	100
Treacher & Co.	2,000	500	all	85	955
Thacker & Co.	1,500	100	103	10	93
Telephone Co.	9,200	25	25	5-8	19½

PRICES OF BULLION.

Sovereigns	Rs.	14-6
Carolus	„	225
Mexican Dollars	„	222 nom.
Five Franc Pieces	„	281
Bar Silver	„	103-13
Gold Leaf	„	23-1
Bar Gold, English	„	23-3
Bar Australian	„	23-2
Bar Bombay	„	23
Bar Pokin	„	22-12

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, &c.

Four per cent	106 9-16
Four-and-a-half per cent	105
Municipal 3 per cent. Debentures	112½
New French Loan 3 per cent. 1872	nom.
City of Paris Loan	225
Port Trust Boads	103½

EXCHANGE.

	Terms.	Rate.
London Banks	On demand	1s. 4 3-32d.
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Do. do.	3 Months' sight	1s. 4 7-16d.
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Do. do.	6 Do. do.	1s. 4 17-32d.
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Do. do.	6 Do. do.	1s. 4 5d.
Do. Documents	3 Do. do.	1s. 4 17-32d.
Do. do.	6 Do. do.	1s. 4 21-32d.
France	3 Do. do.	1 73½
Do.	6 Do. do.	1 74½
Calcutta	At sight	100 3-16
Do.	60 days' do.	99½
Madras	At sight	100 3-32
Do.	30 days' do.	99¾
China	60 days' do.	218

One of the *New York Tribune's* gosaips says the Prince of Wales has a *tic* which to strangers is somewhat disconcerting. "About once in every minute and a half the lid of the right eye drops completely over the ball. The eye remains closed for the space of about a second, and then suddenly opens again to its fullest extent, no other feature of the face having moved meanwhile. People who see the Prince for the first time are tempted to believe that he is deliberately winking at them."

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

G. I. P. Railway Gymkhana Sports, Parel, 4 p.m.
Arrival of General Booth, Victoria Terminus, 6 a. m.
Mass Meeting, Esplanade Pandal, 5-30 p. m.
Rev. Father Black's Mission, Cathedral, 9 p. m.
Gaiety Theatre, Mr. T. Empson's Benefit, 9 p.m.
Novelty Theatre, Mr. Miln's Shakespearian Readings, "Othello," 4 p.m.
B. B. and C. I. Railway School Treat, 4-30 p.m.
Skating Rink, 11 a. m. to 11 p. m.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived yesterday:—Venesia (s), from Hongkong; Netherby Hall (s), Liverpool; Tanjore (s), Massawah; and Kent (s), Batoum.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed yesterday:—Clan Gordon (s), for London, &c.; Inchlonga, (s), Antwerp, &c.; Lycia, (s) Liverpool; Ratho (s), Rangoon; Vadala (s), Rangoon, &c.; Pembridge (s), Hull; and H. M. Troopship Crocodile, England.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The s. s. Clan Gordon left the dock yesterday.

VICTORIA DOCK.—The s. s. Anton Hall entered the dock on Thursday and the s. s. Tanjore yesterday; the s. s. Inchlonga and Lycia left it yesterday.

VOLUNTEER PARADE.—In consequence of the death of the Duke of Clarence and Avondale there will be no Volunteer parade this afternoon.

MUSIC AT THE YACHT CLUB.—Owing to the decease of H. R. H. the Duke of Clarence and Avondale there will be no Band at the Royal Yacht Club, on Monday evening, the 18th instant.

THEOSOPHICAL LECTURE.—A meeting of the Theosophical Society will be held to-morrow evening, at 5-30, at Church Gate Street, when an essay on "The Dream of Ravan" will be read.

CRICKET AT BANDORA.—To-morrow, Sunday, a cricket match will be played between the Poly-gonal C. C. and the St. Patrick C. C., opposite Mr. Sabastian Namori's garden, at 3 p.m.

BOMBAY CYCLING CLUB.—Members of the B. C. C., who are riding out to Bandora to-night, are requested to meet at 4-45 p.m., at Church Gate Street Station. The carriage for visitors leaves the same place at 4-45 p.m.

BURNT TO DEATH.—Mr. Allan F. Turner, Deputy Coroner, held an inquest yesterday, at Love Lane, touching the death of a woman, named Amba, aged 60 years, wife of a gardener, in the service of H. H. Aga Janghi Shah. On Thursday morning, whilst the deceased was trying to remove a *chatti* from fire her clothes caught fire and she was severely burnt. She died on Thursday afternoon. The jury returned a verdict accordingly.

REPORTED BURGLARIES.—Dajee Mularee, living at Doongree, has reported to the police, that his house was broken into by somebody on Thursday night, and gold and, silver ornaments, valued at Rs. 400, stolen from a box, which had been forced open.—Harbai, a Khoja widow, also made a report to the police, that her room, on the first floor of a house in Mahadpara, was broken into on Thursday night, and jewellery, valued at Rs. 1,200, stolen from a cupboard.

SUICIDE.—An inquest was held yesterday, by Mr. Allan F. Turner, Deputy Coroner, touching the death of Tucki, wife of Succaram Bhicoo, a cart-driver, living at Hanuman Lane. The deceased woman was of a quarrelsome nature. About three days ago she asked her husband for money, but as he refused she quarreled with him and in a fit of passion swallowed a quantity of opium, from the effects of which she died on Thursday last. The jury returned a verdict of suicide.

A FATAL CART ACCIDENT.—An inquest was held yesterday, by Mr. Allan F. Turner, Deputy Coroner, at the morgue, touching the death of Khandoo Kamajee, a cart-driver, aged 40 years, living at Mazagon. The deceased was driving a cart along the Bellasis Road, on Thursday evening, when he accidentally fell off his seat, and a wheel passed over his body, injuring him seriously. He was picked up unconscious, and was being taken to the J. J. Hospital, when he died. The jury returned a verdict of accidental death.

SARASWATI ALAYA.—Mr. D. W. Pilgamker has opened an institution in Bombay, called "The Saraswati Alaya" at his rooms, near the Girgaum Tramway Terminus, with the object of giving education at night between 6 and 8 p.m. to those persons who cannot afford to pay for it. Any one wishing to take benefit of this institution should apply personally to Mr. Pilgamker. The work will commence from the 1st of April next. Under the auspices of this Alaya there will be held literary gathering every Thursday evenings at 6 p.m. to discuss social, moral, political, religious, and scientific subjects.

MUSIC AT THE RINK.—The following selections will be played at the children's session from 3 to 5 and again from 5 to 7 and 8-30 to 11 p. m:—

March	Distant Greetings
Valse	Silver Streams
Polka	Militaire "En garde"
Valse	Queen
Schottische	Lilly
Valse	Fascinator
Valse	The Distant Shore
Schottische	Girl with the flowing hair
Galop	Midnight

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

OBSTRUCTING NAVIGATION IN THE HARBOUR.—Dhurma Sojai and Soomar Dawood, described as prowmen, were yesterday placed before Mr. C. P. Cooper, Chief Presidency Magistrate, at the Esplanade Police Courts, by Constable Roberts of the Water Division, on a charge of causing danger and obstruction to navigation on the 13th inst. The evidence of the police showed that while the s. s. Calder, which was piloted by Mr. A Ulridge, was approaching the Prince's Dock, the first accused refused to alter his course in the dock channel, and thus necessitated the steamer making a *detour* so avoid a collision. The other boatman however, on hearing the steamer blow three blasts instantly let go his anchor, which course he thought the most expedient under the circumstances. The magistrate remarked upon the expediency of native craft keeping clear of the dock channels and the urgency of complying with signals when steamers entered or left the docks. In the present instance the first accused had not only neglected to observe the signals, but refused to obey them. A fine of Rs. 10 was, therefore, imposed, whilst the second delinquent was cautioned and discharged as it seemed probable he could not have acted otherwise on the spur of the moment.

HOIST ON HIS OWN PETARD.—At the Esplanade Police Courts, yesterday, before Mr. C. W. Richardson, Third Presidency Magistrate, Balloo Ragoo and Moola Nema, a Marwaree, were charged on remand with theft of gold, silver, and pearl ornaments to the value of Rs. 5,000 and dishonestly receiving and disposing of the said property. The evidence of Khetsey Dewjee, the complainant, disclosed that the first accused sought his service and was engaged at Rs. 3 per mensem. The day after Khetsey found the box, containing his articles missing and reported his loss to the police. Whilst walking along the Kalbadevie Road he unexpectedly met his servant, whom he instantly seized and made over to police custody, since he had disappeared with the box. The police retraced the ornaments to the possession of a Marwaree, who had purchased them from Balloo, and to whom he had advanced Rs. 1,00. In searching the house of the Marwaree the police came upon several of the ornaments, which the complainant identified. The Magistrate found both the prisoners guilty and sentenced Balloo, who had four previous convictions, to undergo rigorous imprisonment for two years. A fine of Rs. 400 was inflicted on the money-lender with the alternative of four months' imprisonment. If the fine were realised it was to be awarded as compensation to the complainant, to whom only Rs. 1,000 worth of his jewelery had been restored.

HIGH COURT.—JANUARY 16.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. JUSTICE PARSONS)
For Investigation of Suits.

96-91—In person—Beharee Lall Bhoodhur Lall and others vs Ramchandra Jagonnath Acharjee and others.
97-91—In person—Ram Gulab Pandey Agir vala vs Hoosenbhoy Lalljee.
95-91—In person—Vithaldas Hardas vs Mahadeo and others—K. J. Master.
Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.
Petition for Proposed Long Causes.
127-91—Chalk Wand S—Sursukh Ramchand and another vs Shivanand Vadilal and others—In person—(For Judgment.)
534-90—Chalk Wand S—Purshotam Chintaman and others vs Krishnaji Bhawoo and others—Lee & Sadashiv.
241-91—Payne, Ld and—Dwarkadas Gangadas and others vs The Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay—Crawford Brand Co.
97-91—Chalk Wand S—Hargovan Tricumjee Shroff and another—Payne & and Co.
12-86—Bhaishankar and K—Dattatreyad Moreshwarad vs Ramrao Sumpatrao Bhonsle Mysal H. E. Dhar.
138-91—M H Khan—Mahomedally Ismail Haji Hajee Saheb vs Valli Oomer—In person.
173-91—Shamrao D—Bhaoo Ibrahim Oomer vs Shaikhoo Ismail Oomer—In person.
456-89—Balkrishna and D—Nandgeal vs G A Turner and others—Inverarity and Dinanath D and S—Nanu and Khare Probjee and D.
457-89—Balkrishna and D—Nandgeal vs G A Turner and others—Inverarity and Dinanath D and S—Nanu and Khare Probjee and D.
446-90—Payne G and S—Hajeebhoy Khan Mahomed vs Valibhoy Mahomedbhoy—Balkrishna and D.
118-91—Little J P and N—Govindrao Ramchandra Purnaiya vs Gordhandas Parmanandas and others—Little J P and N.
77-91—Little J P and N—Ramchandra Vithaldas vs Ganpat Hanmant Kulkarni and others—Mayne H P.
163-91—Macfarlane S and M—Rango Mahadeo and other vs Tookaram Ramdjee and other—Shantaram and Macfarlane S and M.

(Before the Hon Mr. JUSTICE FARRAN.)
Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.
Petition for Proposed Long Causes.

259-91—M. D. and J—Lukmidas vs Ramchandas Huridas—Arderseer, H. and D—(Not to be called on)
139-91—Macfarlane S and M—Emanuel Moses vs Pallidi Arnold Herford and another—Crawford Brand Co.
476-90—Bhaishankar and K—Motilal vs Kanbai—Ooncer and B.
412-90—Tyabjee and D—Hetrumal Baldeodas and another vs Shaligram Chogmal and others—Macfarlane S and H.
182-91—Boughton and R—Vinayekrao Dhondirao R vs Narotum Apaji—Payne S and S.
221-91—Jamandas and S—Kashinathoo Rustomjee Oomrallee vs Tyabjee Visram Oomrallee and Tyabjee and D.
191-91—Bhaishankar and K—Jorawardas Khoos Sevajee vs Rahimoo Ahmed Allana and others—Thakersey and D and S.
172-91—Bhaishankar and K—Keloomal Lokhumdas vs Abdool Rahim—Mulla and Mulla.
152-91—In person—Ramchandra Bhikaji Nayekni Kamble and others vs Ahmed Sheikh Ismail and others—Mayne H P.
442-90—Little J P and N—Ramchandra Vithaldas vs Ganpat Hanmant Kulkarni and others—Mayne H P.
516-90—Bhaishankar and K—Dhondiram Ramchandra vs Ahmed Ismail and others—Macfarlane S and M.
386-90—Crawford and S—Ramchandra Vithaldas vs Ganpat Hanmant Kulkarni and others—Mayne H P.
212-91—Macfarlane S and M—Rango Mahadeo and other vs Tookaram Ramdjee and other—Shantaram and Macfarlane S and H.
239-91—Chalk Wand S—Sursukh Ramchand and another vs Shivanand Vadilal and others—In person—(For Judgment.)
85-91—In person—Ramchandra Bhikaji Nayekni Kamble and others vs Ahmed Sheikh Ismail and others—Mayne H P.
232-91—Macfarlane S and M—Rango Mahadeo and other vs Tookaram Ramdjee and other—Shantaram and Macfarlane S and H.

REGARDING the dacoity at Sirhind, we learn that before that date five criminals out of the gang had been captured by the combined efforts of the Nabha, Patiala and the British officials. Three of them, one a Nabha subject, and two petty jagirdars of the Umballa district, have made a confession, and produced their shares of stolen property, amounting to Rs. 1,000. Some others have been also caught, and further investigations are actively going on.

MR. GERALD H. PORTAL, C.B., now Her Britannic Majesty's Agent and Consul-General at Zanzibar, was, it may be remembered, in 1887 the bearer of a message from the Queen of England to King John of Abyssinia, with the view of bringing about a pacification between the King and the Italians after the massacre of Dogali. Mr. Portal, who was at that time attached to the British Legation at Cairo, published a narrative of his adventures on his return, but it was only printed for private circulation among his friends. That narrative has now been extended and [illegible] title of "My Mission to Abyssinia" [illegible] issued in book form by Mr. Edward A[illegible]

AMUSEMENTS IN BOMBAY.

THE STANLEY OPERA COMPANY.

AFTER a most successful run of about three weeks, during which nineteen performances were given, the Gaiety pantomime was withdrawn on Tuesday night, when the theatre was again so well filled, and the applause so unstinted as to show that the pantomime might easily have been kept on to the end of the week, but Mr. Stanley's stay in Bombay is limited, and he has many other pieces to produce. Besides, arrangements had been made before it was known that the pantomime would prove so great a success in Bombay, for Mr. Fred Wentworth, the new baritone, whom Mr. Stanley has engaged and brought from Australia to strengthen his company, to open this week in "The Yeomen of the Guard." After the pantomime of course something unusually good was required, and "The Yeomen of the Guard" would have been given on Wednesday had Mr. Stanley not been pressed to give one more performance of "The Mikado." Last night however, we had "The Yeomen of the Guard," when a large audience, attracted no doubt by the strong cast, and chiefly by the new baritone, of whose *debut* in Bombay so much had been promised, assembled in the theatre. Mr. Wentworth is undoubtedly a great acquisition to the company. He has a pleasing, though not a powerful, voice; and is a thoroughly capable actor, as was shown by his really clever impersonation of Jack Point. It is no easy part to play; but he surmounted all the difficulties with apparent ease, and gave points to all the witticisms in the lines. He and Miss Denver as Elsie Maynard played splendidly together. The romanza, "The Merryman and his Maid," was rendered admirably, and was enthusiastically encored. Miss Stanley played Phœbe, as she does all she tries, well, and sang her songs with care, and was recalled several times. Perhaps her greatest success was in the scene with Mr. Driscoll when she sang "Were I thy Bride." Miss Dolly Childs played and sang most acceptably as Dame Carruthers. Mr. Boyd made much out of Sir Richard, and Mr. Packard sang excellently as Colonel Fairfax. Sergeant Meryll was the best part we have ever seen Mr. Giddiard play, and his singing was most tuneful and tasteful. Mr. Phillips had little to do as Leonard, but he made the most of it. The opera was well staged and dressed as all Mr. Stanley's productions are, and on Monday when it is repeated those who wish a treat should not miss seeing it.

MR. EMPSON'S BENEFIT.

To-night Mr. Stanley's popular and genial acting manager, Mr. Tommy Empson, takes a much-deserved benefit at the Gaiety Theatre, and as we mentioned in a previous notice, the company will depart from burlesque and opera for the occasion, and give a grand variety entertainment. The first part of the programme will consist of a minstrel entertainment in which Mr. Empson himself, "The Lion Comique," as he was known before he took to acting managing, will appear as corner man, and something of a highly amusing character is promised by him. The first part concludes with a laughable sketch. One of the chief items in the second part will be the appearance of Mr. G. C. Miln, who has kindly offered to assist in the chamber scene from "Hamlet," Miss Fanny Stanley enacting the Queen, Misses Tilly Lake and F. Stephenson are down for an "American Winging Dance," while Mr. Empson will appear again in a comical monologue with an unpronounceable name. Miss Stanley will display her versatility by giving in contrast to the scene from "Hamlet," something in the serio-comic line, and Miss Cissie Denver will sing some pretty ballads. But the programme is too long to enumerate all the items. Suffice to say it is a most attractive one, and there is little doubt Mr. Empson will be rewarded by what he deserves a bumper house this evening.

MR. MILN'S SHAKESPEARIAN READINGS.

Mr. G. C. Miln, the eminent Shakespearian actor, will this afternoon give the second of his series of Shakespearian readings in the Novelty Theatre. Mr. Miln's intelligent and scholarly reading of the selections he makes, the result of long years of constant study, together with the comments thereon, are of infinite value to students, as they give an insight into the guiding passages in the great dramatist's works which must be of great assistance to them in reading the plays. For to-morrow he has chosen "Othello," which when he played it a few months ago, was declared his finest performance. No student should miss attending any of this series of readings, as such opportunities present themselves but seldom in Bombay; and the price of admission is well within the means of everybody.

MISS JANET ACHURCH'S TOUR.

It is many years since we had a dramatic season in Bombay which extended throughout the cold weather without a break. The rains had not yet ceased when Mr. G. C. Miln came with his company; and he was followed by the Harvey-Fletcher troupe. The curtain rang down on them one night, to rise the next on "La Mascotte," by Mr. Stanley's Opera Company; and he will only leave to be followed by another excellent company, headed by a couple of artistes such as we seldom see in the East, who will appear in a round of high class plays which will afford a pleasant change to the long opera and burlesque season we have had. Miss Janet Achurch (Mrs. Charles Charrington), and her husband, Mr. Charrington, who have just finished a most successful tour in Australia and New Zealand, and are visiting India on their way home, appear in Bombay next month. They have a most extensive repertoire, which includes "Forget-me-not," "Adrienne Lecouvreur," "Frou-Frou," "Faces," "From Europe to Piccadilly," "The

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While recording the advance that has been made in the commerce and manufacturing industry of Bombay the GUIDE gives a comprehensive account of the numerous charitable institutions of the different communities, and accurate and detailed descriptions of the many public buildings which have been completed during the year.

THE BOMBAY DIRECTORY

Has been carefully enlarged, verified, and revised up to the day of going to Press. Valuable information has been added, and special care has been taken that the local information shall meet the wants of commercial men and the general public.

To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office,
Albert Buildings, Esplanade, Fort.

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Is the universal opinion of everybody who has tried
DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS for bilious and liver complaints, indigestion, wind, spasms, foul breath, nervous depression, irritability, lassitude, loss of appetite, dyspepsia, heartburn, giddiness, dizziness of the eyes, &c., being as mild tonic in their action as they are certain in their curative effects. Prepared by W. LAMBERT, London, England, in bottles ONLY, 1s. 1½d. The genuine are in green packages, with "WILLIAM LAMBERT on the Government Stamp. Insist on having these and none other.

AGENTS WANTED.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MESSRS. SHERIFF, SON & COMPANY,
23, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF JEWELLERY, PHOTOGRAPHIC APPARATUS, &c.

THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 16th inst., at 2 p.m., Messrs. SHERIFF, SON and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at their sale rooms in Apollo Street, a consignment of gold pearl and diamond jewellery, consisting of brooches, chains, lockets, rings, buttons, pencils, toothpins, crosses, earrings, pin cases, seals, and many other fancy articles. Also silver cup napkin rings and a lot of old copper coins, photographic camera of cabinet size lens by Ross, &c., medicine boxes, darkroom dishes, plates, printing frames, dry plates, &c.

SHERIFF, SON & Co.
Bombay, January 15, 1892.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & CO.,
No. 4, FORBES & MEDOWS STREETS, FORT.

SALE OF BUILDING MATERIALS OF HOUSE Nos. 19 & 21 AT LAMBOJWADY, NEAR MONEY SCHOOL.

TO-MORROW, SUNDAY, the 17th inst. at 4 p.m., Messrs. MEHRJEE JOHNSTON & Co. will sell for removal by Public Auction the materials of the said house.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the undersigned.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & CO.
Bombay, January 15, 1892.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE British s s Ratho, 2,758 tons, Captain J Dunlop, cleared yesterday for Rangoon, in ballast.

THE British s s Pembridge, 1,903 tons, Captain L G Barge, cleared yesterday for Hull, with a general cargo.

THE B I S N Co's s s Vadala, 2,164 tons, Captain G Johnstone, cleared yesterday for Calcutta, Rangoon, &c., with a general cargo.

THE City Line s s City of Edinburgh, 2,102 tons, Captain W Frame, will sail to-day for Liverpool, with a general cargo and Mr. J. Evany as a cabin passenger.

THE Hall Line s s Netherley Hall, 2,139 tons, Captain W E Owens, arrived in harbour yesterday from Liverpool (19th Dec.), with a general cargo. The vessel is consigned to Messrs. Edward Bates and Co.

THE British s s Tanjore, 1,402 tons, Captain G Raffin, arrived in harbour yesterday from Mussowa (5th January), with a general cargo and 8 deck passengers. The vessel is consigned to Hajee Cassum Joosub.

THE B I S N Co's s s Kapurthala, 671 tons, Captain W. H. Rothwell, will sail to-day for Kurrachee via Kathiawar coast, with a general cargo and the following passengers:—Brigadier-General W T Budgen, D S O, Major W E Hilliard, and 70 deck.

EXTRA STEAMER FROM CHINA.

THE P and O Co's s s Venetia, 1,608 tons, Captain F F Creery, arrived in harbour yesterday from Hongkong via Singapore and Penang, with a general cargo and 25 deck passengers.

ARRIVALS.

Jan.	Vessel.	Commander.	From.
15	Venetia (s)	Creery	Hongkong, Dec 25.
	Netherley Hall (s).	Owens	Liverpool, Dec 19.
	Tanjore (s)	Raffin	Mussowah, Jan 5.
	Kent (s)	.....	Batoum.

DEPARTURES.

Jan.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
15	Clan Gordon (s)	Morrison	London, &c.
	Inchlonga (s)	Henebury	Antwerp, &c.
	Lycia (s)	Fletcher	Liverpool.
	Ratho (s)	Dunlop	Rangoon.
	Vadala (s)	Johnstone	Rangoon, &c.
	Pembridge (s)	Barge	Hull.
	H M Troopship Crocodile	Churchill	England.

The following vessels obtained their port clearance yesterday:—
Steamer Kapurthala, Rothwell, for K. Coast and Kurrachee.
" City of Edinburgh, Frame, for Liverpool.

CALCUTTA.

Jan. ARRIVALS.
11 Landura s ..... Magenis ..... Bombay, Jan 1.
River Indus s ..... Scott ..... Batoum, Nov 29.

DEPARTURES.
Jan. 11.—Steamer Kohinur.

DAILY IMPORTS.—JANUARY 15.

FROM GLASGOW.
Clan Alpine—560 kegs paint, &c, and 50 drums boiled oil, R Vussonjee.
Clan Gordon s—570 kegs paint and 50 drums boiled oil, R Vussonjee.

FROM LIVERPOOL.
City of Edinburgh s—4 cases cheese, James Connell.
Armenia s—6 cases butter, Dhunjeebhoy Cowasjee.

FROM LONDON.
Khedive s—16 cases ham, bacon and cheese, H Manockjee.
Clyde s—7 bales printing papers, A H Keekabhoy.
Chyebassa s—8 packages, playing cards, E Hoosen.

FROM ANTWERP.
Gutenfels s—67 casks alizarine dye, Krusthausen and Co; 276 casks alizarine dye, A Bhaize; 10 bales printing papers and 20 cases bottling wire, Byramjee Shapoorjee; 15 cases lanterns, 45 cases glassware and 46 cases earthenware, G Poonja; 200 boxes candles, S A S Dawood; 1,000 kegs alizarine dye, Kerr Tarruck and Co; 600 cases candles, Lyon and Co; 55 cases glassware, M Currumsey.

FROM HULL.
Yeddo s—50 drums linseed oil, T F Bengalee; 20 crates earthenware, S M Fazul; 450 cases matches, A Shaik Adum; 150 cases matches, S A S Dawood; 80 cases matches, Byramjee Shapoorjee; 17 casks salammoniac, D Dewchund; 180 cases matches, Lyon and Co.
Kovno s—11 crates earthenware, D Shamjee; 100 cases matches, A Shaik Adam; 250 cases matches, Lyon and Co; 25 cases matches, A N and C S Co-operative Society.

FROM MESSINA.
Singapore s—100 barrels roll sulphur, Y Nathu; 20 casks lead shot, T Dawoodjee.

FROM HAMBURG.
Kovno s—11 cases glassware, Gangjee Poonja; 1,000 bags granulated sugar, The Bombay Co.
Gutenfels s—300 bags granulated sugar, The Bombay Co; 7 cases silvered glass, A Noorbhoy.

FROM TRIESTE.
Imperatrix s—23 cases soap, H A Hubih.

FROM GENOA.
Singapore s—5 cases envelopes, E M Abdoolally and Co.

DAILY EXPORTS.—JANUARY 15.

FOR LIVERPOOL.
Niagara s—51 bales wool, 4,000 cwts wheat, The Bombay Co.
Aston Hall s—4,000½ cwts myrabollams, Ebjee Coomersey; 3,333 cwts myrabollams, H Gokuldass; 483 bales cotton waste and 178 gunny rags, Edwin Butterworth and Co.
Idar s—10,000 cwts wheat, Sanday and Co; 6,000 cwts wheat, Ewart Latham and and Co.

FOR LONDON.
Carthage s—1 bale cotton, A S Moodeliar and Co; 1 box gold coins (Rs. 14,000), The Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris.
Lady Armstrong s—32 bales skins, S Molooshoy and Co; 221 cwts fishmaws, H Fazal; 125 cwts bone meal, Croft Wells and Co; 12 cases bristles, Glade and Co; 8 cwts gum, Rowjee Cowasjee.

FOR HAMBURG.
Gutenfels s—110 bales cotton, Thos H Moore and Co.

FOR HULL.
Yeddo s—1,000 cwts linseed, Sanday and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.
Idar s—3,960 cwts wheat and 6,000 cwts jowaree, John Fleshiri; 4,000 cwts wheat, 6,000 cwts linseed, 2,000 cwts mowrasseed, 9,570 cwts gingellyseed and 3,999 cwts case torseed, E D Sassoon and Co.

FOR VENICE.
Maria Teresa s—300 bales cotton, Volkart Brothers.

FOR MALTA.
Aston Hall s—6,122 cwts wheat, Tyabjee and Co.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—JANUARY 14.
Campbell, Captain, Ms. Bedford Regt, on leave, from Bellary.

JANUARY 15.
Herbert, Lieut, Bengal, It A, on leave, from Nowgong.
Corbett, Major, Bo 2nd Gloster Regt, on leave, from Neemuch.
Mitchell, Captain, Bo, A P D, on leave, from Deolalee.
Fraser, Captain, Bengal, Bedford Regt, Exchange Battalion, from Secunderabad.

DEPARTURES.—JANUARY 15.
Shewell, Lt, Bo 23rd Regt, on duty, to Kamptee.
Paul, Lt, Bo 23rd Regt, on duty, to Kamptee.
Tweedie, Col, Ms, Pol Dept, on retirement, from Service, to England.
Smithell, Lt, 15th Bengal Lancers, on leave, to England.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.
REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY MAJOR G. W. ROUGHTON, COMMANDING B. V. A.
Bombay, 16th January, 1892.

I. To-day both companies will parade at the Apollo Bunder at 4-15 p.m., and proceed to Pilot Bunder, Colaba. No. 2 company to continue the annual course of gun target practice. No. 1 company for drill at the 10" R. M. L. guns at Colaba North Fort. Dress:—Drill. Order.

II. The following member having resigned is struck off the strength of the Corps from the 15th inst:—Gunner J. W. Rice.

III. Leave of absence for 6 weeks is granted to Sergt C. E. Nixon from the 15th Inst.

IV. During the absence on leave of Sergt C. E. Nixon Capt. J. F. Watson is transferred to No. 3 Sub-Division for duty, and will take over charge of the sub-division.

V. In accordance with orders issued by the General Officer Commanding the District, Officers will wear mourning at all future parades until further orders.

By Order
(Sd.) J. SANDERS SLATER, Lieut.
Actg. Adjt., B. V. A.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.
REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT.-COL. THE HON. L. H. BAILEY, COMMANDING H. V. R.
Bombay, 16th January, 1892.

1. Regimental order No. 1 of yesterday's date is hereby cancelled.

2. Owing to the demise of H. R. H the Duke of Clarence and Avondale there will be no parade this evening, Saturday, the 16th instant.

3. Vol. W. Netscher is transferred from "D" to "B" Company from this date.

4. The following member having joined is taken on the strength of the Corps from this date and posted to "D" Coy:— No. 3200 Vol. J. Judah.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

1. There will be drill at the Riding School on Monday, the 18th instant, at 7 a.m. Plain Clothes.

2. The Squadron will parade in rear of the Marine Lines on Tuesday, the 19th Instant, at 7 a.m. Carbines to be worn.

By Order
(Sd.) T. W. C. LEATHEM, Major
and Adjutant, Bo. Vol. Rifles.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

SUEZ, JAN. 15.
The P. and O. Co.'s steamer Rohilla, with the outward English Mails of the 8th instant, left here for Bombay, at 2 p.m., to-day.

PORT SAID, JAN. 14.
The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Golconda left here this morning.
The Hall Line steamer Eden Hall left here yesterday evening.
The s.s. Wistow Hall left here yesterday evening.

HONGKONG, JAN. 15.
The P. and O. Co.'s steamer Nizam arrived here this morning from Bombay.

COLOMBO, JAN. 15.
French Mail steamer Caledonia from Aden arrived.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.
LONDON, JAN. 14.
The Liverpool Cotton Market closed firm. Surats steady.
Good Dhollera 3 9-16
The Manchester Market has been quiet but steady.
Exchange on India, 30 days' sight... 1 4d
4 per cent. Rupee Paper 72 7-16
4½ per cent. " 71¼
The Bank of England returns for the week ending yesterday show the following results:—Total bullion, £22,800,000, increase £300,000; public deposits, £5,000,000, decrease £600,000; other deposits, £31,000,000, decrease £3,100,000; other securities, £28,600,000, decrease £3,900,000; notes and gold, £13,900,000, increase £900,000. The Bank's reserve is 38 per cent. of the Liabilities.

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORTS.

JANUARY 15.
STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.
GREAT BRITAIN.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey, perfect. Via Suez, perfect.
CONTINENT OF EUROPE.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey, perfect. Via Suez, perfect.
AMERICA.—Via Brest, perfect. Via Valentia, perfect. Via Direct Cable, perfect.
AUSTRALIA.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect.
CHINA.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect.
Telegraphic communication with Assab and Massowah interrupted through failure of Perim-Assab cable.
A Gunboat will leave Perim for Assab every Thursday and Sunday during interruption of cable.
Mauritius mail closes at Colombo at 4 p.m. on the 15th.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

BOMBAY MARKET REPORT.

FRIDAY EVENING, JAN. 15.

COTTON has attracted more attention here during the past week, and considerable purchases, in the aggregate, of new stuff have been made by the Mills, while exporters have somewhat increased th eir takings; and prices have advanced materially, in a firm market. But the still downward course of Exchange, in sympathy with the drop in Silver in New York and London is, perhaps, the most important item in our weekly budget, a further decline of ⅛d. in Bank Bills and of 3-16d. in Private Paper being shown in our quotations this evening compared with those ruling a week ago, though there has been some recovery from the lowest point touched. Wheat and Seeds have been in but moderate demand by shippers; but the tone of both markets has been steady on the whole, and prices generally are unchanged. Freights are steady, and there has latterly been more enquiry at former rates. Shares have been to a great extent neglected. Government Paper has declined ¼ per cent. in Fours. The improvement in Cotton has imparted a better tone to the Import Market, but business is still on a limited scale in all directions.

MONEY.—Although business generally was as dull as ever, with the holiday feeling more or less prevailing during the period covered by the Presidency Bank's Statement of Affairs, issued on Monday afternoon, there was a better demand for money in one direction, and the Bank's Cash Balance had decreased since the date of the previous Return by over 59½ lakhs, standing on last Saturday afternoon at 250¼ lakhs. The principal movement had been in Loans, which had increased by over 37¼ lakhs; but there had, at the same time, been a diminution of nearly 10 lakhs n Private Deposits; while the addition to Bills Discounted had been greater than for some weeks past, the total increase in trade requirements having been some 55¼ lakhs. Though the Receipts of Cotton have been far behind those of last season, the money deficiency being some lakhs, a daily increasing quantity of this staple will now require to be financed, for even should there be no expansion in the monetary demand in other directions. There was a decrease last week of 9¼ lakhs in Government Deposits at the Bank's branches. No change was made in the Bank's rates at the board meeting yesterday, and 3 per cent. remains the minimum.

EXCHANGE continued on the downward tack to the close of last week. Opening on Saturday morning at 1-32d. under the previous evening's closing quotation, rates further gave way another 1-32d.; but not much business was done either way. On Monday, the market opened with a steadier appearance, but weakened again somewhat during the day, Private Paper having been scarce, and Bank Telegraphic changing hands at 1s. 4 7-16d., and Private Telegraphic at 1s. 4 15-32d., apart from which there had been but little doing. A few small amounts of Merchants' Bills, however, were placed for the month at 1s. 4 21-32d. for 3 months' sight Credits; but there was hardly any requirement for forward delivery. At opening on Tuesday there was a decline of 1-16d. in the rate for Mercantile Bills, but with Bank Demand quoted at 1s. 4 7-16d., at which rate a small amount was given; but rates weakened during the day, as the demand for Bank Paper was larger than usual, about £100,000 having been reported to have been sold, one leading Import house having been credited with half this sum; whereas the amount of Private Paper offering continued to be nominal. There was a slightly steadier feeling for Bank Paper on Wednesday morning, and the reverse for Merchants' Bills, Bank Demand having been given by two Banks at 1s. 4⅜d., while the three months' sight Credits sale was 1s. 4¼d. for delivery up to the 15th February. A moderate amount of business transpired at these rates, both ways, and the market closed steady. Yesterday the market opened at 1-32d. decline from Wednesday's closing rates; and a fair amount of business was done, especially in Private Bills, at the reduced quotations. To-day 1-32d. higher was quoted at opening, for Bank Paper and 1-32d. to 1-16d. for Credits; but not much business has been done either way, the Banks having closed from 1 o'clock. The following are the rates for ready transactions:—

Bank Bills on Demand	1s. 4⅜d. per rupee.
Do. Telegraphic	1s. 4 11-32d. "
Do. 3 months' sight	1s. 4 7-16d. "
Do. 4 do.	1s. 4 15-32d. "
Do. 6 do.	1s. 4 17-32d. "
Credits 3 months' sight	1s. 4¼d. "
Do. 6 do.	1s. 4⅜d. "
Documents 3 months' sight	1s. 4 17-32d. "
Do. 6 do.	1s. 4 21-32d. "
Francs 3 months' sight	173⅛ "
Do. 6 do.	174¼ "

GOVERNMENT PAPER was weak and rates for Fours declined 1-16 to ⅛ per cent., say to 106 11-16 for Money, and 106 7-16 for Account; but before the close there was a rather firmer feeling, and the cash rate left off with buyers at 106½. For the other denomination, 105¼ nominal, has been the rate. On Monday, rates receded further ⅛ per cent., both for Money and Account; but the feeling was steady at the decline, closing quotations having been 106 9-16 for cash, and 106 5-16 for the February Settlement. The feeling was steady, on the whole, on Tuesday, and though rates for Fours at one time gave way 1-16 per cent. they rallied before the close, and the market left off at 106 9-16 for cash, and 106 5-16 for the February Settlement, 106 having been quoted for the March account, and 105, nominal, for 4½ per cents. On the following day the market was steady at some advance in rates for Fours, say, 106⅝ for Money, and 106⅞ for the February Settlement; but the cash price was rather weaker at closing, and left off at 106 9-16. Yesterday there was a quiet feeling at a partial decline of 1-16 in the price of Fours during the greater part of the day, 106 9-16 having been quoted for cash, 106 5-16 for the February Settlement, and 105 15-16 for the March account; but final rates were 1-16 lower, 106½ having been the closing cash price. The market has been closed to-day owing to the news of the death of the Duke of Clarence.

Municipal 5 per cent. Loan is ¼ per cent. lower, at 112¼. Port Trust Bonds are 1½ higher, at 105¾.

SHARES have been quiet but steady on the whole throughout the week on all lines, and few transactions have been reported on any day. Our quotations for Cotton Mill Scrip compared with those ruling last Friday show some advance in a few cases, say of Rs. 15 in Morarji Gokaldas; of Rs. 10 each in Connaught, and James Greaves; and of Rs. 5 each in City of Bombay and Manockji Petit. On the other hand, Bombay National have declined Rs. 50; Sholapore, Rs. 25; Swadeshi, and Britannia, Rs. 5 each; Southern Mahratta, Rs. 2½; and Anglo-Indian, Rs. 1. In Press Shares, Khangaum have advanced Rs. 20; but Prince of Wales have declined Rs. 20; Volkarts, Rs. 10; Hingoli, Rs. 7½; Munmar, Rs 2½; and New Indian, Rs. 1½. Bank of Bombay shares are Rs. 5 higher.

IMPORTS.

PIECE-GOODS.—The improved tendency of Cotton latterly has induced a better tone in our market for staple *Grey Goods*, and has put a stop to the small concessions in rates which dealers had previously been making. Our quotations are much the same as they were a week ago. Stocks are abundant. *Bleached, Dyed, Printed*, and *Turkey Red Goods* are in the same position, and are quoted, as they were a week ago; and the same may be said of *Local Goods*. The Clearances of *Imported Goods* during the week are estimated at 3,200 packages; those of *local made*, at about 6,000 bales.

YARNS.—The dull feeling for *Imported Twist* noticed in our last continues, and only a small business has been transacted, while prices are quoted as before. The Sales of *Local Spinnings* in China for the week ending last Monday aggregated 1,500 bales, and the state of things there would appear to be somewhat better. China buyers have operated rather more freely than for some time back, and, consequently, rates have, in some cases, advanced about 1-32 anna per lb. as compared with last week's quotations. The week's Sales are about 6,000 bales, and the market closed dull, with nothing doing at the following official quotations:—

Twist	No. 6s Mule,	As.	3½	to	4	per lb.
"	" 8s "	"	3½	"	4½	"
"	" 10s "	"	4 1-16	"	4¼	"
"	" 12s "	"	4 3-16	"	4¾	"
"	" 16s "	"	5	"	5¼	"
"	" 20s "	"	5¼	"	5½	"
"	" 24s "	"	5¾	"	6¼	"
"	" 30s "	"	6¼	"	6¾	"
"	" 40s "	"	7¼	"		"

METALS.—*Copper* has been quiet at a decline of 4 annas per cwt., with only a small business passing. *Yellow Metal* has been taken to a moderate extent on the basis of previous rates on a steady market. *Iron* is also steady and unchanged in value with a moderate enquiry.

COALS are firm, and a large business has been reported during the past week, 25,000 tons of Cardiff have been sold from the Bunder at from Rs. 14 to Rs. 15½ per ton; and to arrive. Powell's and Davison's for January-February shipment have been placed at Rs. 15½ and Rs. 13½, respectively, and forward sellers are now asking 4 annas per ton more than the above rates.

EXPORTS.

COTTON remained quiet in tone to the close of last week, with a moderate local business done, but very little for export; but Monday brought better demand from each quarter, and a considerable quantity of new stuff changed hands on that day, while prices advanced Re. 1 to Rs. 2 per candy. Thereafter the market was steady to [illegible] and latterly firm, with a moderate business passing, the Mills having bought much more than shippers, and yesterday a further advance of Rs. 2 to Rs. 3 per candy in rates was established. The purchases for export during the week have aggregated about 4,500 bales, of new Oomra varieties and Bengals; while the Mills have taken some 12,000 bales, consisting of new Oomra kinds, and a little old Bhownugger. This evening the market closed firm, with prices Rs. 2 to Rs. 4 higher than they were a week ago.

The Receipts of Cotton of the new crop during the past week have been 26,000 bales, compared with 26,925 arrived in the previous week, and 48,300 bales in the corresponding week last year; the falling-off in this season's receipts from last year's being now 175,700 bales.

We annex our usual annual Statement showing the actual Westward Clearances of Cotton for the first and second half of last year, and for the twelve months, compared with the same figures in 1890, from which it will be seen that there was a decrease in the year just closed of over 400,000 bales, by far the heaviest falling off having been in clearances to Liverpool, say, not far short of a quarter of a million bales, or considerably more than half the total decrease.

When Monday's telegrams were despatched from the Cotton districts, the weather was unseasonable at Delhi and Cawnpore, in the Beagal circle, looking like rain in the former district, and being cloudy in the latter. It was also cloudy and unseasonable at Khangaum and Barsee, in the Oomra circle, but no rain had fallen, and the quality of the Barsee crop was stated to be very good; but in this and other districts in the same circle, with the exception of Dhulia where arrivals were free, the Cotton was coming to market in small quantities. In the Broach circle, when the plants were flourishing and showing bolls rapidly ripening, pickiag had partially begun; at Wadwan, in the Dhollera circle, Cotton prospects had much improved; at Dhollera itself the plants could scarcely look better; but in the Bhownugger district, the crop will be six or eight weeks late.

The following are to-day's quotations for full-pressed Cotton with the equivalents in Sterling, Cost, and Freight to Liverpool, *viz* Canal, without commission, *viz.*:—

Cotton—	Per lb. Per candy.	C & F.
Bengal Fine (January)	Rs. 170—3 19-32d.	
Do. Fully Good do.	" 169—3 13-32d.	
Do. Good do.	" 153—3½d.	
Broach, Fine (March)	" 193—4d.	
Do. Good do.	" 191—4 1-32d.	
Khandeish Fine (January)	" 164—3 15-32d.	
Do. Fully Good do.	" 156—3 5-16d.	
Do. Good do.	" 150—3 3-16d.	
Dhollera Fine (April-May)	" 176—3 23-32d.	
Do. Fully Good do.	" 166—3 17-32d.	
Do. Good do.	" 161—3 7-16d.	
Belatee Fine (January)	" 162—3 7-16d.	
Do. Fully Good do.	" 152—3d.	

The Arrivals of new Cotton into Bombay this season, as compared with last, are as follows:—

	Season 1891-92. Bales.	Season 1890-91. Bales.
Khandeish	49,600	101,500
Berar	33,700	67,500
Barsi and Nugger	2,200	6,500
Bengals	16,400	93,800
Hingunghat	400	8,400
Persian and Sind	1,500	1,800
Total	103,800	279,500

The movements of Cotton to date show the following comparison with the previous two years:—

Receipts.	Bales. 1892.	Bales. 1891.	Bales. 1890.
For the Week	25,191	51,015	22,894
From 1st to 14th Jan	54,636	96,488	108,936
Clearances to Great Britain and Continent.			
For the Week	6,561	12,174	33,382
From 1st to 14th Jan	6,581	17,197	50,944
Clearances to Calcutta, China, &c.			
For the Week	3,115	2,739	2,231
From 1st to 14th Jan	3,629	2,859	3,113

Actual Clearances of Cotton from Bombay to different Ports in Europe during the years 1890 and 1891:—

Percentages.	1890. 6 months ending 31st Dec. F. P. Bales.	Increase or Decrease. F. P. Bales.	1890. Total for 12 months. F. P. Bales.	1891. 6 months ending 30th June. F. P. Bales.	Increase or Decrease. F. P. Bales.	1891. Total for 12 months. F. P. Bales.	1891. 6 months ending 31st Dec. F. P. Bales.	Increase or Decrease. F. P. Bales.	1891. Total for 12 months. F. P. Bales.	1892. 6 months ending 30th June. F. P. Bales.	Increase or Decrease. F. P. Bales.	Names of Ports.
—27·95	18,558	−11,393	29,951	10,854	−18,704	29,558	6,410	−22,548	28,958	88,132	+58,174	Liverpool
	3,153	−2,178	5,331	1,050	−4,281	5,331	2,500	−2,831	5,331	9,353	+4,022	London
	310	+310	310									Marseilles
										9,796	+9,796	Havre
	3,193	−4,946	8,139	1,041	−7,098	8,139	1,378	−6,761	8,139	31,323	+23,184	Dunkirk
	1,468	−57,152	58,620	1,468	−57,152	58,620	1,468	−57,152	58,620	1,468	−57,152	Antwerp
	27,452	−27,452	54,904	27,452	−27,452	54,904	27,452	−27,452	54,904	160,789	+105,885	Ghent
										15,000	+15,000	Amsterdam
	1,668	−1,668	3,336	1,668	−1,668	3,336						Rotterdam
	16,317	+16,317	16,317	18,537	+18,537	18,537	11,610	−6,927	30,147	12,843	−17,304	Bremen
	178,599	+178,599	178,599	178,599	+178,599	178,599	178,599	+178,599	357,198			Hamburg
	125,538	+125,538	125,538	125,538	+125,538	125,538	125,538	+125,538	251,076	11,284	−239,792	Emden
	17,851	+17,851	17,851	17,851	+17,851	17,851	11,284	−6,567	29,135	8,322	−20,813	Genoa
	14,704	+14,704	14,704	14,704	+14,704	14,704	8,322	−6,382	23,026	5,711	−17,315	Naples
	1,994	+1,994	1,994	1,994	+1,994	1,994						Leghorn
	21,456	+21,456	21,456							1,810	+1,810	Trieste
										12,643	+12,643	Dieuze
	600	+600	600	600	+600	600	600	+600	1,200	600	+600	Odessa
	2,700	+2,700	2,700	2,700	+2,700	2,700	2,700	+2,700	5,400	2,700	+2,700	Gothenburg
	22,500	+22,500	22,500	24,300	+24,300	24,300	24,300	+24,300	48,600	24,300	+24,300	Narkoping
	3,710	+3,710	3,710	1,170	+1,170	1,170	1,170	+1,170	2,340	1,170	+1,170	Nykoping
	100	+100	100	100	+100	100	100	+100	200	100	+100	Stockholm
										100	+100	Christiania
												Bergen
—27·95	1,258,587	−489,511	1,748,098	1,232,402	−515,696	1,748,417	1,033,417	−715,000	1,748,417	954,979	−793,438	Total

WHEAT has not attracted much attention from exporters during the past week, and although there has been rather more doing latterly than was the case at the close of last week, and the tone of the market, from dull or quiet, has become steady, the amount of business has not been more than moderate on any day, and quotations are unchanged for all descriptions.

SEEDS were quiet or steady with a small or moderate business passing, and unchanged in value, till the day before yesterday, when the market became firm, and considerable transactions took place, more especially in Linseed, the price of which advanced 1½ anna per cwt. The latter enquiry was not sustained however, and thereafter became moderate again, though the feeling was steady. We quote:

Linseed	Rs. 6-11-6 to Rs. 6-12-6 per cwt.
Rapeseed Yellow Gurzee	" 7-10-0 "
" " Cawnpore	" 7-4-0 to Rs. 7-6-0 "
" Red "	" 6-8-0 to Rs. 6-11-0 "
Gingelly White	" 41-0-0 to Rs. 42-0-0 pr. cdy.
" Mixed	" 37-0-0 to Rs. 40-0-0 "

The Comparative Imports of Wheat and Seeds are as follows:—

	1892 cwts.	1891 cwts.	1890 cwts.
Wheat for the Week	112,790	201,025	146,432
do. from 1st to 14th Jan.	251,354	354,637	302,762
Linseed for the Week	19,248	47,304	14,118
do. from 1st to 14th Jan.	35,051	92,143	27,191
Rapeseed for the Week	1,185	4,875	16,247
do. from 1st to 14th Jan.	5,968	8,602	27,704
Gingelly Seed for the Week	51,074	53,643	48,415
do. from 1st to 14th Jan.	106,546	108,017	106,861

The Clearance of Wheat and Seeds to Great Britain and Continent are as follows:—

	1892	1891	1890
Wheat for the Week

TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE DEATH OF H. R. H. THE DUKE OF CLARENCE.

GRIEF OF THE ROYAL FAMILY.

LONDON, JAN. 15.

Her Majesty the Queen who is at Osborne is deeply afflicted by the death of her grandson. Her Majesty refrained from proceeding to Sandringham in conformity with the wishes of her doctors.

H. R. H. the Princess of Wales is crushed by the blow, and the Princess Mary of Teck is inconsolable and restless, and refuses to partake of food.

The state funeral will take place at St. George's Chapel, Windsor, whither the Court removes immediately.

On Wednesday evening there was a marked improvement in the condition of the Royal patient, but a sudden collapse took place at two o'clock yesterday morning, and he sank rapidly.

Most of the theatres were closed last evening.

THE LAST MOMENTS.

LONDON, JAN. 15.

The Duke of Clarence was never really conscious after two o'clock on Thursday morning. Shortly before the end came the Chaplain read the prayers for the dying in the presence of the assembled family.

All the European Rulers have telegraphed messages of condolence.

MESSAGES OF CONDOLENCE FROM AMERICA AND THE COLONIES.

LONDON, JAN. 15.

President Harrison, on behalf of the United States, has sent a message of condolence for the death of the Duke of Clarence.

Similar messages have also been received from all the British Colonies.

SYMPATHY FROM ITALY.

ROME, JAN. 14.

In the Chamber of Deputies this evening the President announced in moving terms the death of H. R. H. the Duke of Clarence and Avondale, and said that England's sorrow was Italy's sorrow. The House warmly concurred with the President's remarks.

THE SLAVE TRADE IN AFRICA.

ATTACK ON A BRITISH FORCE.

LONDON, JAN. 15.

Reuter's correspondent at Mozambique telegraphs that the Arab-slave hunters made an attack on Mr. Johnston, British Commissioner for Central Africa, and his force of 100 Sikhs and Native Police in South-East Nyassa. Captain Maguire commanding the Sikhs, two Europeans, and six others were killed, and eight men were wounded. The Arab loss is not stated.

MORE VICTIMS OF INFLUENZA.

The deaths are announced of Cardinal Giovanni Simeoni, and Mr. Edward Whitley, M. P. for Everton Division of Liverpool, both from influenza.

SUICIDE OF AN ARMY OFFICER.

Major-General Constantine Trent committed suicide yesterday at Exeter by cutting his throat whilst in a fit of temporary insanity.

THE MAILS.

ADEN, JAN. 14.

The P. and O. Co.'s steamer Thames, with the homeward Indian mails of the 31st December, arrived here at 2 p.m. to-day.

THE DEATH OF H. R. H. THE DUKE OF CLARENCE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENTS.)

MADRAS, JAN. 15.

News of the death of Prince Albert Victor has been received here with deep regret by all classes. A *Gazette Extraordinary* of the Government of India has been republished here. The flag at Fort St. George and other garrisons and bttalions throughout the Presidency will be hoisted half-mast until further orders.

The Chief Justice to-day directed that all Courts be closed on the day of the funeral.

POONA, JAN. 5.

The following order has been issued from the Bombay Army Head-quarters :—"The following *Gazette of India Extraordinary*, dated 14th January, is republished for general information :—Intelligence having been received of the death of his Royal Highness Prince Albert Victor Christian Edward, eldest son of his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, Duke of Clarence and Avondale, Earl of Athlone, K. G., K. P., LL. D. (Cantab. and Dublin), H. E. the Governor-General-in-Council hereby directs that officers of her Majesty's Civil, Military, and Marine Services to put themselves into mourning until further orders. The Governor-General-in-Council requests that a similar mark of respect may on this melancholy occasion be observed by all other classes of British subjects in India. The flag at Fort William will be hoisted half-mast high from sunrise to-morrow until further orders."

Several of the public offices and schools were closed as a mark of respect for the Duke's death. The Gymkhana dance and other social events has been put off.

BHOWNUGGER, JAN. 15.

The sad news of the untimely and melancholy death of his Royal Highness Prince Albert Victor, Duke of Clarence and Avondale, was received here by wire on Thursday night. It spread like wild fire, and cast quite a gloom over the whole city. The Maharaja Saheb was not slow in the manifestation of his grief. A Durbar *Gazette Extraordinary* was issued this afternoon, in which after a graceful allusion to the recent visit to this State of the late beloved Prince, it is ordered that all public offices be closed for two days, and the city's flag be hoisted half-mast high from sunrise to sunset until further orders. The Durbar and the officials will go into mourning for thirty days. All other classes of his Highness's subjects are requested to observe a similar mark of respect in memory of the much loved and esteemed Prince. Twenty-eight minute guns, corresponding with the age of the deceased Prince, will be fired from the saluting battery. There will be no celebration of the anniversary of the Maharaja's birthday next Thursday, and all festivities and rejoicings have been prohibited for the occasion.

ALLAHABAD, JAN. 5.

The Chief Justice intimated this morning to the assembled that the Court would be closed owing to the death of the Duke of Clarence.

CALCUTTA, JAN. 15.

A large representative meeting was held at the Chamber of Commerce to-day, to consider what steps should be taken in connection with the death of the Duke of Clarence and Avondale. The proceedings were unanimous and not protracted. The Hon'ble Mr. Mackay, Sheriff of Calcutta, was voted to the chair. Messages of condolence to Windsor and Sandringham were drafted and adopted; and it was also resolved to convene a public meeting at the Town Hall, on Monday evening, to give an expression of sorrow and regret. A public committee was formed to draft memorials to be adopted at the meeting, at which Sir Charles Elliott will preside.

THE EXPLOSION ON THE S.S. LINDULA.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JAN. 15.

One of the *khallasies* in the hospital died to-day from injuries received from the explosion on the s.s. Lindula.

MAHARAJA HOLKAR'S CONTRIBUTION FOR RELIEF MEASURES.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JAN. 15.

The Maharaja Holkar has sent Rs. 6,250 towards the relief of distress in Ajmere, and Merwara ; of this sum three-fourths is to be applied to the relief of human beings, the balance to provide fodder for cattle.

THE LATE PANDIT AJOODIANATH.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

KOLHAPUR, JAN. 15.

At a large and influential meeting, presided over by Rao Bahadur Babajirao Savant, it was resolved to send a letter of condolence to the relations of the Honourable Pandit Ajoodianath.

THE POONA CAMP-OF-EXERCISE.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, JAN. 15.

The Northern Cavalry this morning threw out outposts along the line of Dapuri, Bopkhel, Kalas, Dhanowri, and Lohogaon to cover the Northern Force, which was busy entrenching itself at the Sisters. The position of the Southern Cavalry was reinforced by an extra regiment and Horse Artillery Battery, and were directed to make reconnaissance against the Northerners in view of determining and reporting the strength and exact position of the enemy and the number of guns. The movement was permitted at 11-30 ; as at that hour groups of Southerners were observed moving on Dhanowri-Kalas Nala from the direction of Yerrowda, while a couple of Lancer squadrons pushed their way forward just north of the tank, driving back the Northern outposts. On a rising on the opposite side of the Nala they charged a troop of the Poona Horse ; but another squadron coming down to the support of the first party drove the Lancers back across the Nala. While this, which in reality was merely a feint, was going on, the Southern Commander massed his strength on his right flank, and pushed forward against General Combe's left, driving back the line and ascertaining approximately the strength and position of the enemy. The Southern Cavalry now retired some twelve hundred yards, and in doing so came under artillery fire from the battery placed on the eastern slope of the east of the Sisters Hill. General Blundell then moved the main body in a south-westerly direction about a mile, and dismounting a squadron advanced against the troop, the Northerners holding a strong position in the rocks north of the Nala, and causing annoyance by dismounted fire. This movement was covered by a fire of Horse Battery from high ground about a mile to the south-west of Lohogaon. This was entirely successful, and on the Poona Horse picquets retiring advantage was taken to push the main body of the Lancers and the 3rd Cavalry well forward towards the village of Dhanowri. On nearing this they were received with infantry fire, and had to retire under fire of the Northern Battery, placed about three hundred yards to the south-west of Dhanowri village. While this movement was taking place on the Northern centre the Southern groups commenced to push forward on both the flanks. To check this on the right of Dhanowrie Colonel Westmacott's Infantry was moved to that flank, leaving the Battery somewhat *en l'air* with an escort of half a company. Seeing this Colonel Currie sent a squadron of the Lancers against the guns, supported by a squadron of the 3rd Cavalry. These latter did not arrive in time to take a part in the charge owing to the Commander being occupied in settling the question with the umpire as the attacking Cavalry had advanced for about one thousand yards under artillery fire. The attack was held to have failed. At 2-15 "cease fire" was sounded, and the troops marched home. The Commander-in-Chief was present throughout the manœuvres, riding with the attacking force, and finally inspecting the Northerners' position. To-morrow the Sisters position will be attacked with artillery and infantry.

All flags in the camp were half-mast high, and impending entertainments were postponed owing to the mournful intelligence of the death of Prince Albert Victor. The 4th Cavalry Poona Horse (the deceased Prince's Regiment) is in camp.

THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF'S TOUR PROGRAMME.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, JAN. 15.

Sir George Greaves, Commander-in-Chief, accompanied by the Army Head-quarters and his personal staff, will proceed on tour in the Sind and Quetta districts after the camp-of-exercise. His Excellency will leave on February 11, arrive at Bombay on the 12th, leave on the same day for Kurrachee, arrive there on the 14th, halt one day, leave for Kotri, arrive there on the 16th, leave for Quetta by Ruk Junction the same day and arrive at Quetta on 18th, halt for one day and visit Chaman, leave Quetta on the 21st for Kurrachee, arrive on the 23rd, and will remain for inspection for a week ; and then leave Kurrachee on 1st March, and arrive at Bombay on the 3rd.

BOMBAY ARMY ORDERS.

His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief has been pleased to make the following appointment :—

30th Bombay Infantry—Third Beluch Battalion, Lieutenant Relly, Wing Officer, 24th Baluchistan Regiment, Bombay Infantry, is transferred in the same capacity, to be graded below Captain Southern and above Lieutenant Mennie.

With reference to G. O. G. No. 22, of the 13th instant, Colonel Cunningham, Colonel-on-Staff, is posted at Nasseerabad.

Captain Duhan, No. 12 Company, Southern Division Heavy Battery, R. A.

Under instructions from Horse Guards, War Office, it is notified that Major Latham, 66th Field Battery, Royal Artillery, has been appointed to N Battery Royal Horse Artillery,

Captain Duhan, No. 12 Company, Southern Division, has been transferred to No. 13 Company, Western Division Heavy Battery, R. A.

Under instructions from Horse Guards, War Office, it is notified that the following officers have been placed on the seconded list on being selected for a long course of gunnery :—Captain Howard, No. 13 Company, Western Division, Heavy Battery ; and Lieutenant Hamilton, 72nd Field Battery, Royal Artillery.

The undermentioned are reported to have passed the required examination in the following languages :—

Hindustani, Higher Standard—Major K. Royal Artillery ; Lieutenant Wooldridge, Bombay Infantry ; Lieutenant Clery, Bombay Infantry ; Lieutenant Paul, Border Regiment, attached to the 5th Bombay Infantry ; Captain Sheppard, Royal Dublin Fusiliers ; Surgeon Captain Moore, 3rd Bombay Cavalry ; and Lance-Corporal Kirkpatrick, Gloster Regiment.

In Hindustani, Lower Standard—Lieutenant Taylor, Royal Navy, her Majesty's Ship Marathon ; and Second Lieutenant Bannerman, Gibon Regiment, attached to 22nd Bombay Infantry.

In Persian, Lower Standard—Surgeon-Captain Greany, 5th Infantry Hyderabad Contingent.

The undermentioned officers have been granted leave of absence by his Royal Highness the Commander-in-Chief :—

7th Hussars.—Captain Kelly has been ordered to remain in England from 1st to 8th December, pending his retirement.

Yorkshire Light Infantry.—Captain Burke has been allowed to remain in England from January to 15th April, on medical certificate.

The undermentioned officers have been granted leave of absence :—

Royal Lancaster Regiment—Major and Lieutenant-Colonel Lugard, to England, for six months, on private affairs.

Middlesex Regiment—Lieutenant Grace, officiating Wing Officer 22nd Bombay Infantry, to Bombay, for four months, from date of depôt, to study the native languages.

Worcester Regiment—Captain Beebie, to England, for six months, on private affairs, pending retirement.

Liverpool Regiment—Caption Scales, in addition of India from 18th January, to 1st November, on private affairs.

GAZETTE OF INDIA NOTIFICATIONS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JAN. 15.

Mr. C. J. Lyall, C.I.E., Secretary, has been granted leave for 87 days ; Mr. J. P. Hewett, C.I.E., acts for him, and Mr. P. G. Melitt acts for Mr. Hewett.

Surgeon J. C. Marsden, of Madras, has been granted a year's furlough.

Surgeon-Major R. Pemberton acts as a Civil Surgeon at Coorg.

The services of Captain H. F. Farrant, M.N.I., have been lent to Burma as Cantonment Magistrate at Mandalay.

Leave has been granted to Lieutenant McMahon, Political Agent, Zhob Valley ; and A. H. E. K. E. Spence, Assistant Commissary-General.

Surgeon-Major A. Duncan and Captain Wright, 11 E. L., for one year each ; and Captain H. Watson, D. A. A. G., for 6 months ; and Major Jor J. E. C. Ferris, for 12 months.

Colonel Peacock, C.B., Adjutant-General of Jaipur.

Lieutenant Frank Barton Hill, 2nd Battalion, been admitted to the Staff Corps.

Lieutenant-Colonel A. Walker, R. A., has been granted the local rank of Major-General ; and Captain H. F. Chesney, R. E., the local rank of Lieutenant-Colonel.

H. M. the Queen has been pleased to approve of the grant of a medal with clasp, inscribed "Waziristan 1889" for the Miranzai Expedition.

The Government has directed the raising of a Battalion of Native Infantry in India for service at Hongkong, to be called the Hongkong Regiment. It will be raised at Jhelum of 4 Companies each of Punjabi Mahomedans, Pathans, and 2 companies of Punjabi Mahomedans and Pathans, and 2 companies of Sikhs—total all ranks 1,012 men.

The following promotions have been gazetted :—To be Lieut-Colonel—Major W. H. Salmon, Royal Artillery.

Major—Charles Hamilton des Vœux.

Col. Alexander Captain C. Rains has been granted to the Colonel's allowance.

Lieut. Ludlow Cumpeldlow, 3rd B. L., has been permitted to resign the service.

Lieut.-Col. C. [illegible] has been granted to retire from the service.

The following officers have been promoted to the grade Officers of [illegible] :—

B. H. Jones, Royal Artillery.

Edward Stock, Royal Artillery.

Willcock.

Lieut. G. S. [illegible] has been granted leave of absence to Europe on private affairs for one month and [illegible] months' leave.

Mr. H. A. [illegible] has been appointed to officiate as Collector of [illegible].

VANITY FAIR.

(FROM OUR LADY CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, CHRISTMAS EVE.

While you in India are anticipating your usual grilling and resolving to make believe you have cold weather, we here have every hope of a really good old-fashioned Christmas with plenty of frost and ice and snow and, of course, black fog. Official notice has been issued by the ice-bailiff of the Parks, Colonel Whateley, that the Longwater ice will be thrown open to-morrow, and for those of us who care to pay a small fee it has been arranged that a portion shall be roped off so as to exclude the *hoi polloi*, who will be sure to make the most of their holidays and whose pranks, though conducive to their own enjoyment, could not fail to interfere with us who take our pleasures more mildly. During the week skating on good ice has been engaged in, and yesterday there were not less than 1,500 persons on the Round Pond in Kensington Gardens, two thousand at Regent's Park, a thousand at Hendon, while the Serpentine is getting ready, and every other pool of water, both large and small, is utilized to the utmost. The thermometer stands at two degrees below freezing point, and the lowest temperature is 24 degrees—eight degrees of frost. Meantime I presume you are something between 70 and 80 in the shade, and whilst we have furs and wraps you are in the lightest of light tweeds with a possible cape or boa.

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In London so far we have had no fatalities. Officers of the Royal Humane Society, with every appliance likely to be of service, are on the ice-sheets. In the provinces, too, they have been singularly free of casualties. But the fog is doing more mischief than the frost. The train services are all more or less interfered with. Considering that in the best of weather Christmas traffic is always intensely heavy the inconveniences and delays resulting from the fog may easily be imagined. Yesterday the train services between Euston and Holyhead, with its several connections, was disorganised. The early morning mail from Euston, due at Holyhead at 2-27, was over two hours behind time. The train brought three parcel and mail vans to the jetty instead of one only, and some delay took place in getting the enormous consignment safely on board. The newspaper express from Euston to Holyhead, which should have got in at 1-5, did not arrive until 3-35, being two and a half hours late. The Dublin Royal Mail Company's steamer Ireland, the finest boat of the Company's splendid fleet, became disabled, and the Connaught had to be put on the night cross-Channel. The Connaught did not get away until two hours after her proper time of sailing, and the Leinster was over an hour and a half late. The strain on the North-Western service to North-Wales has also been unprecedented. Trains running in connection with the night express steamer Lily arrived in four portions, delaying the despatch of the boat by two hours. The Company have also been compelled to put on a special steamer to accommodate the parcel traffic between Holyhead and Greenore for the North of Ireland. Unfortunately several fatalities are reported, and as I write comes the account of a distressing railway accident.

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The shops are crowded with the most charming of seasonable presents. Some of the great shops which make special preparations for the good old-fashioned show, seem to have been a little late this year in making their grand Christmas display, but all the windows and stalls this week are in full seasonable bloom. Regent-street, Oxford-street, with High Holborn as its natural continuation, and Tottenham-court-road are the main centre, but the show extends to the very outskirts of town at every point of the compass. The vast premises of Messrs. Shoolbred and Co. are thronged with customers, for they have a Christmas bazaar for children, both old and young, and for the classes as well as the masses. Mechanical toys are developing year by year, and some of them cost as many guineas as the best toys of a few years ago cost shillings. A French comic man, who, when duly wound up, winks and gives a musical performance ; another in hunting costume, who can be made to smoke a cigarette, and a tobacco-loving artist at work before his easel, are examples. There are also presents to be purchased for pence, and it is not an unfrequent occurrence for dolls to be sold by hundreds at a time for charities.

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The Pantomimes open to-day—that is most of them for there are some managers who adhere rigorously to the old custom, and will not open till Boxing Day. At the Crystal Palace "The Forty Thieves," written by Mr. Horace Lennard, and, as the programme puts it, "invented and produced," under the direction of Mr. Oscar Barrett, is an eminently satisfactory play. There may be more magnificent pantomimes in the world, but not many that for children would speak more nearly. There may be funnier, though the "Forty Thieves" contains sufficient humour to penetrate the spectator with a gentle sense of benevolence towards all mankind. Of "Drury Lane," you have heard everything, for Sir Augustus Harris has taken everybody into confidence concerning it, and the illustrated interview in the *Strand Magazine* has told you how it is done. Almost every theatre, as should be the case, has its pantomime and every year "spectacular production and scenic effects" increase in splendour and appeal more keenly to youthful sympathy.

***

Of course we are all rejoicing at the forthcoming marriage of the Duke of Clarence and the popular Princess May. It is announced this week that the event will be celebrated in St. George's Chapel, Windsor Castle, on February 27. The Duke and Duchess of Clarence, after the wedding, will probably drive through London on their way to the place which they may select for their honeymoon. Princess Victoria has already selected five out of the eight bridesmaids who will accompany her to the altar. These, according to the *Gentlewoman*, are Lady Margaret Grosvenor (third daughter of the Duke of Westminster), Lady Victoria Leveson-Gower (daughter of the late Earl Granville), Lady Dorothea Murry (daughter of the Duke of Athole), Lady Eva Greville, daughter of the Earl of Warwick, and Lady Gertrude Molyneux, eldest daughter of Lord Clifton, who has also been appointed one of the two Ladies-in-Waiting who will be in attendance upon Princess Victoria after her marriage.

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The movement which the Lord Mayor is organising to present a wedding gift on the part of the Principality of Wales to the Duke of Clarence and the Princess Victoria is meeting with much success. The Mansion House Committee for this object has been joined, among others, by the Duke of Beaufort, Lord Tredegar, Lord Dunraven, Lord Aberdare, Lord Mostyn, Lord Windsor, Lord Wimborne, Sir Watkin Williams Wynn, Lord Kensington, the Earl of Powis, Lord Kenyon, Lord Ormathwaite, Lord Boston, Sir Hussey Vivian, M.P., Mr. J. E. Greaves (Lord Lieutenant of Carnarvonshire), Mr. H. R. Hughes (Lord Lieutenant of Flintshire), the Bishop of Bangor, the Bishop of St. Asaph, and a host of others. The first meeting of the Committee will be held at an early day in the New Year. The wedding present to the Royal couple from the Corporation of London will consist of a magnificent silver dinner service and a diamond necklace for the Princess. At Richmond a separate present will be raised and from various quarters come reports of spontaneous efforts being made to send appropriate gifts. No betrothal was ever more popular.

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Words have their derivations and their first meanings. Presently it happens to some of them that their first meanings and derivations are altogether lost. These curious things happen to these words. For instance, in a certain action lately tried before the High Court of Justice, a witness swore that she did not "habitually *indulge* in swearing and foul language." To indulge in doing a thing means to allow yourself to do something which is pleasant and desirable. When a man is said to indulge in drink, it is implied that drinking attracts by its pleasantness. Or when he indulges in long hours of sleep, it is understood that sleep is pleasant. But swearing and foul language—how can they be allowed even by the hardest swearers, to be pleasant or attractive at all ? Wrath, indignation, sarcasm, surprise, and even scorn, are sometimes expressed by "swear words." But is anyone the happier for using them ? Now this witness—or the examining counsel—did not mean that she liked bad language but would not permit herself from conscientious or other scruples to use it. Not at all. She—or the counsel—means simply that she did not make a practice of using bad language. The verb to *indulge* presents his compliments to the public and humbly begs that his meaning may not be forgotten. While he would not willingly trespass on the domain of any other verb, he begs that his own may be respected.

***

The schoolgirls of Cape May (New Jersey) are in an extremely dejected frame of mind, relieved with just a dash of rebellion and anger. Within the last few months, a new fashion in garters had been introduced, which took immensely with the girls. Little bells or *grelots* were attached to this indispensable article of a young lady's toilet, the tinkling of the same, the cause being unperceived, giving rise to much fun and laughter. The most unfortunate part of the business, however, was that whilst the girls were at school, busy with their lessons or listening to the instructions of a teacher, the tinkling of the garter bells seriously interfered with order and decorum. The young ladies were first requested, in consequence, to discard their new style of garters, and the request being disregarded, it became necessary to proscribe them. A certain number of unruly girls persisted, however, in coming to the classes with their tinkling and unseen annoyance, and for days there was quite a commotion on a small scale over this weighty business. Ultimately, after two or three girls had been expelled from school, instructions were complied with, though sorely, it seems, against the grain, so to the girls.

THE DEATH OF H. R. H. THE DUKE OF CLARENCE.

The Bombay Government Gazette, in an extraordinary published yesterday, contains the following notification :—

Official intelligence having been received of the demise of his Royal Highness Prince Albert Victor Christian Edward, eldest son of his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, Duke of Clarence and Avondale, Earl of Athlone, K.G., K.P., LL.D. (Cantab. and Dublin), his Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor-in-Council hereby directs that the officers of her Majesty's Civil, Military, and Marine Services do put themselves into mourning until further orders. The Governor-in-Council requests that a similar mark of respect may on this melancholy occasion be observed by all other classes of British subjects in the Bombay Presidency.

2. The flag at the Castle will be hoisted half-mast high at sunrise to-day and following days, so to continue until sunset, until further order.

Yesterday signs of mourning in Bombay were universally exhibited, and business to a very large extent was suspended. At daybreak the flag at the Secretariat was run up half-mast high, and the war-vessels and merchantships in the harbour followed the same course. The consular flags were also lowered half-mast. On Thursday evening Father Black, who is engaged on a special mission, at St. Thomas' Cathedral, asked for the prayers of the congregation for the bereaved family. Many private business establishments were closed throughout yesterday, whilst others displayed signs of mourning by flying flags at half-mast. The Bhuleshwar Library was closed, and the Bombay Native Piece-Goods Market suspended business. Government and Municipal offices remained closed the whole of Friday.

At the High Court business went on as usual, without any reference being made to the death of the Duke, though had the news reached Bombay when the Court was sitting, business would at once have been suspended, but as the sad event occurred the previous day the cases were proceeded with in the usual way.

SYMPATHETIC REFERENCES.

At the Girgaum Police Court Mr. W. R. Hamilton, Second Presidency Magistrate, on taking his seat on the bench stated that he would close the Court after disposing of emergent morning cases, out of respect to the memory of H. R. H. the Duke of Clarence, whose untimely death had caused profound sorrow and grief amongst the subjects of her Majesty Queen Victoria. Mr. Hamilton said that he had learned with intense grief the news of his death which had been deeply regretted by every one.

Mr. Shivshanker Govindram, pleader, also expressed on behalf of the vakeels their deep regret and sorrow at the sad news of the death of the Duke of Clarence and Avondale which, he said, had come as a shock and surprise to all.

Colonel Wilson, Commissioner of Police, on arriving at the Chief Byculla Police Office, stated his regret, and issued a circular ordering the Police Office to be closed out of respect to the memory of the deceased Prince.

Before proceeding to business yesterday at the meeting of the University Senate, the Vice-Chancellor made a brief sympathetic reference to the death of his Royal Highness. He said :—Gentlemen of the Senate,—Before we proceed to the business of this evening, I wish to refer to the calamity which has so recently befallen the Empire and brought sorrow to the Royal Family of England and to the subjects of Her Majesty in all parts of her dominions. Nowhere in those dominions will that sorrow be more profound than here, in India, where the visit of Prince Albert Victor is still fresh in our recollection. It is but two short years since he was in our midst, and we can truly say that his keen appreciation of the reception which was accorded him, his unaffected enjoyment of the pageants and pleasures which were provided, and the kindly interest which he showed everywhere in the welfare of the country helped materially to strengthen the bonds of loyalty and affection which have always united the Princes and people of India to the Throne. I am sure I am only acting in accordance with your own wishes by endeavouring, at this moment, to give expression, however imperfectly, to our feelings of respectful sympathy with her Gracious Majesty, with their Royal Highnesses the Prince and Princess of Wales, and the other members of the Royal family, including the lady who, but a few weeks ago, was betrothed to the young Prince, whose loss the whole Empire is mourning to-day.

The schools of the Sir J. Jejeebhoy Parsee Benevolent Institution were closed yesterday and are to be closed to-day also as a token of respect to the memory of H. R. H. the Duke of Clarence and Avondale.

Amongst the institutions closed to do honour to the memory of H. R. H. the Duke of Clarence was the Byramjee Jeejeebhoy Parsee Charitable Institution.

THE PRINCE'S CONFIRMATION.

In their "Journal of the Bacchante" the late Duke and his brother, Prince George, refer to the late Archbishop of Canterbury's address to them at the time of their confirmation. As Archbishop Tait's charge to us, they write, has never been published, and as these words were the last we ever lived to speak in public, we add them here :—

Sir,—Experience has already taught you that the life of a true Englishman cannot be a life of mere pleasure, it must be above all things a life of duty. Duty first, pleasure afterwards, and the truest pleasure comes from the discharge of duty, and so Englishmen are what they are. To teach this practically not to teach people to say it, but to teach them to feel it and act on it is the object of all good education. For a boy or a young man it matters comparatively little whether the lesson is learnt by poring over his books at home in spite of many temptation to idleness ; or whether, subjected to a strict discipline, he wander over the world with the privilege of seeing what others read about, and learn much as to men and places that can scarcely be known without being seen. It is not the details of education that are most important, but the general principles on which it is conducted, and when boyhood is over, the question for each one to ask himself is, How far have I profited by the advantages thrown in my way and made myself fit, by God's blessing, to play well and manfully that part in life which God's providence has assigned to me ? Our Confirmation marks the passage from boyhood to manhood. The close of a long time of early boyish discipline, which has had its clouds and its bright sunshine, its struggles with temper, with temptations to idleness, with self-will—but which—nevertheless, has had a brightness peculiar to itself, such as never can be quite recovered in all its light-heartedness while the shadows gather over advancing years. A happy life may well be before us, many stirring calls to duty, many bright companionships, much family love, and great opportunities of public usefulness ; but it gives always a slightly melancholy tinge to a Confirmation day to know that one period of life is over, and that what is coming is unknown. The seriousness of this thought well disposes the mind to enter better on the service by which in our Church this change of life is marked. First it is a service of prayer. True in one sense that labour is to pray, but our work and discharge of duty must be directly sanctified by endeavours to ask God's blessing through Christ at least once each night and morning on whatever we have to do, and a good man many times in the day will rise in thought to God, and ask His help. Prayer, moreover, is so intimately connected with confession of sin, that he who prays rightly must daily look very carefully into his mode of living and his thoughts. The very uncertainty of the future drives us to prayer. We turn to God, our only guide in the unknown. Again the Confirmation service sets Christ before us. God brought near and ready to bless—not an abstract thought, almost too high for us—but a living friend and brother, who takes us by the hand at a very critical time of life, and Who will ever be near to help us in overcoming unknown temptations, if we ask Him. And then again the Holy Spirit in whose name the Confirmation blessing is bestowed—God influencing the heart and will, quickening all pure affections, making all Christian homes abodes of peace. The thought of the greatest Christian truths is thus forced upon the boy at his Confirmation as he passes into manhood. On the conviction of these are built all upright Christian principles. Rightly received, it leaven the character, and speaking gra[illegible] themselves well or fail under[illegible]ording as these [illegible] of their nature. [illegible] the world what [illegible] field lies before you. [illegible] prophesy what may be th[illegible] future King of Englan[illegible]ur course of life wi[illegible] alike must, in many [illegible] will have different [illegible]ng for an expected d[illegible]rs united by a true a[illegible]other in all difficulties [illegible]ay flow apart. Place[illegible] social regard that [illegible] which your own fam[illegible] associates your [illegible] promote the we[illegible] example of this [illegible] family's history, [illegible] follow after are with[illegible] by the memory of a g[illegible] and Mr. and Mrs. Lyall. nation stood higher, a[illegible] more widely known for [illegible] promote. Remember that [illegible] and usefulness will be fo[illegible] discharge of all family d[illegible] always, it is especially so wi[illegible] family is the head of the [illegible] public loyalty side by side wi[illegible] affection. Heirs to the hono[illegible] ancestors—placed from the ver[illegible] accident of birth, in a position w[illegible] most powerful intellects, even w[illegible] cannot reach through a long life of [illegible]—it would seem that you have much [illegible] But after all it may be doubted whet[illegible] shows prosperity is a real good. The [illegible] character is best developed [illegible] a perfectly level plain calls for little [illegible] a many voyages through a summer sea [illegible] a sailor's seamanship, or lay [illegible] ful experience.

Pl[illegible] to see the assistance to the[illegible] maharashtra[illegible] on 19 June, 2017

OBITUARY.

CARDINAL SIMEONI.

The death is announced of Cardinal Simeoni, a prominent Italian dignitary of the Roman Church. He was born at Paliana, Palestrina, in July, 1816. Having been ordained priest, he was, on account of his learning, employed in offices of importance. In 1847 he was Auditor of the nunciature of Madrid. After some years we find him in Rome, Prefect of Studies in the Pontifical Lyceum of the Roman Seminary, and attached to the Secretary's office for Extraordinary Ecclesiastical Affairs. In the year 1857 he was appointed Domestic Prelate to the Pope, and sent again to Spain in the quality of Envoy for the affairs of the See in order to renew the connections with Rome which had been interrupted by the revolution. In the year 1858 he was made Pro-notary Apostolic in full. For eight years he was Secretary to the Congregation of the Propaganda for the affairs for the Oriental Rite, and in 1868 he became Secretary of the Latin Rite and adviser to the Roman Inquisition, and also adviser for the affairs of the Oriental Rite to the congregation of the council for the revision of the provincial councils and to the congregation for Extraordinary Ecclesiastical affairs. When the Œcumenical Council of the Vatican was convoked Mgr. Simeoni was one of the Advisers for the Commission of Oriental Churches and Missions and for Ecclesiastical Discipline. The diplomatic relations between Rome and the Court of Spain having been re-established in 1875 Pope Pius IX. sent Mgr. Simeoni as Nuncio to Madrid, having just preconized him Archbishop of Chalcedonia. In the Consistory of March 15, 1875, Pius IX. created him Cardinal, reserving him *in petto*, and on Sept. 17 the same year he published him in consistory. Mgr. Simeoni, having been created Cardinal, remained in the nunciature in Madrid as Pro-nuncio, and on the death of Cardinal Antonelli, in 1876, he was appointed Secretary of State to Pope Pius IX.—an office which he retained until the death of that Pontiff—and Prefect of the Sacred Apostolic Palaces and the Sacred Lauretan Congregation. He was afterwards made a member of the Roman Universal Inquisition and of other ecclesiastical congregations. He was succeeded as Secretary of State by Cardinal Franchi in March, 1878, when Pope Leo XIII. appointed Cardinal Simeoni Prefect-General of the Propaganda.

GENERAL CONSTANTINE TRENT.

Under singularly melancholy circumstances occurred the death of General Francis Constantine Trent at Exeter. He had served in the 48th Regiment from September, 1849. He was promoted Lieutenant in 1852 ; Captain, 1855 ; Major, 1872 ; Lieutenant-Colonel, 1873 ; Colonel, 1882 ; Major-General, 1884. He served with the 48th Regiment in the Crimea, from the 21st April, 1855 ; including the siege and fall of Sebastopol (wounded on the 4th June). He received the medal with clasp, 5th class Order of the Medjidie and the Turkish Medal.

MR. E. WHITLEY, M.P.

The death of Mr. E. Whitley, M.P. for the Everton Division of Liverpool, is also announced. Mr. Whitley was 67 years of age. He was a local solicitor of much wealth and prominence. Born in 1825 he was educated at Rugby. The *Pall Mall* "Mems about Members" says he was highly popular with a certain section of Liverpudlians who united to give him what Lord Iddesleigh was wont to call "a right down thumping majority" in 1880, and he was a regular attendant in the House. He was articled to a solicitor and "pursued an honourable calling with corresponding success, having passed one by one of the usual provincial signposts"—vestry, town council, mayoralty. He was not clever, but a very benevolent old gentleman, and the local Conservatives called him their "Grand Old Man." He was President of the Liverpool Law Society in 1877-78.

GENERAL SIR G. MAXWELL, K.C.B.

General Sir George Vaughan Maxwell, who died on Wednesday, was honorary Colonel of the East Lancashire Regiment, which is made up of the 3rd (Cambridgeshire) and 59th (2nd Nottinghamshire) Regiments. He was Ensign in February, 1838 ; Lieutenant, 1839 ; Captain, 1844 ; Major, 1854 : Lieutenant-Colonel 1855 ; Colonel, 1858 ; Major-General, 1868 ; Lieutenant-General, 1877 ; General, 1884. The deceased officer served in the Eastern Campaign of 1854-55 with the 88th Regiment including the battles of Alma and Inkermann, Siege and Fall of Sebastopol, attacks of the Quarries on June 7 (mentioned in the despatches) ; commanded the 88th Regiment at the attacks of the Redan on June 18 ; Sept. 8 was severely wounded (received a medal with three clasps C. B. Brevet of Lieutenant-Colonel, Knight of the Legion of Honour ; Sardinian and Turkish medals, and 4th class of the Medjidie). He served also in the suppression of the Indian Mutiny in 1857-58, including the operation at Cawnpur in Dec., 1857, the affairs at Bhognapore, the Siege of Lucknow, and the Siege of Calper, for which he received the Central India Medal.

FINES ON BUILDING SITES.

A NUMEROUSLY-ATTENDED meeting of the Bandora Rate-payers' Association was held last Monday in the hall of the De Monte Library to consider the decision of the Government of Bombay conveyed in their letter to Mr. N. M. Lungrana relative to the increase of assessment on building sites in Bandora from Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 3,000, per acre. It was considered that a further representation to Government from the Association was necessary to remove the impression that no doubt prevailed that the revenue from building sites was of an elastic nature. This fresh representation to Government was considered the more imperative now, in view of the rumour that it is under contemplation to include in the term "building sites" not only the piece of ground actually occupied by the foundations as heretofore, but the entire area reserved for the compound. It was further resolved that in view of obtaining some relief from existing taxation or any contemplated enhancement thereof on the completion of the surveys, now in progress, facts and figures should be laid before Government proving incontrovertibly how unremunerative the cultivation of land in the district in question has become, and how in many cases the existing assessments press heavily on the cultivators. Mr. D. I. De Monte, the president of the meeting, Mr. Tookaram Tatia, Dr. Da Monte, and Mr. M. C. Pereira addressed the meeting, urging united action on the part of the rate-payers, and the necessity of making Government acquainted with the true condition of the majority of landowners in and around Bandora. Mr. Pereira produced certain statistics indicating that there were men who instead of reaping any benefit from tilling the ground, actually suffered in purse without knowing how. The proceedings were explained in Marathi to those present who did not understand English.

TO A BEAUTY.

[FROM THE RUSSIAN OF KLUSHNIKOF.]

Don't abash me with shy glancings
Of sweet bewildering eyes !
Don't fly with mute reproachings
From my eager rhapsodies !

Compelled this adoration,
As to a Maid divine,
The best of God's Creation,
I bend before thy shrine.

'Tis not with mere emotion
I gaze upon thy form,
But with a deep devotion
And longings ever warm.

All that flatters me—or flattered—
In dream-land or awake—
All that " was "—" will be "—is shattered :

to some recompense to you for your time and trouble in coming here to-day. We are quite willing to share with you the profits out of this transaction."

The broker chuckled inwardly as he thought, by playing upon the young man's fears, he had forced them to make this offer.

"And so by giving me a share of this money promised to you, you imagine you would stop my mouth?"

"Nay; it is your due."

The broker fell into the well-set trap.

"Very well," he said, consenting to the proposal, "I will join you in this affair; and as I must go now, I will come back to-morrow morning to consult your father about his investment, and also learn how your transaction with the landowner progresses."

The broker went away, thinking he had made a most excellent stroke of good luck by his journey to Walkeshwar, and was true to his appointment the next morning. He found the two brothers in their room engaged in earnest debate with another man who, the broker soon discovered, had been procured to undertake the necessary alteration in the landowner's document. The writer had apparently been cunning enough to perceive an enormous sum of money was to be made out of the business, and was levying blackmail accordingly. He first demanded Rs. 5,000, but after much hot debate he agreed to do the work for Rs. 3,000 if paid in advance. To that the brothers agreed, and suggested that they should pay down Rs. 1,000 each, which they immediately produced, asking the broker to contribute a like amount, as he was to share in the money to be paid by the landowner. The broker readily consented, but as he had not the money with him, asked one of the young men to accompany him back to the city, when he would pay him the money. This was done, and the man pocketing the notes, amounting to Rs. 1,000, asked the broker to visit his office at Walkeshwar the next morning, to meet the landowner, when the alteration of the deed would, no doubt, be completed, and he would be paid at least Rs. 5,000, as his share of the spoil, which would be a clear profit of Rs. 4,000.

Next morning he found the broker back again at Walkeshwar. The two brothers and the writer were already there, and the broker received a hearty welcome. He was shown how the alteration on the *second* had been carried out; and he expressed his admiration of the very neat manner in which it had been done, declaring it would be impossible to detect any erasure. They had not waited long when the landowner himself arrived, and to him the document was submitted for his approval. He looked at it, held it up to the light and frowned.

"How is this?" he asked "it has not been altered as I directed. Here is a grievous error. You have made it read, '*south*-east' instead of '*north*-east,' which makes the deed absurd."

He also pointed out another serious error, which he averred, completely spoilt the document.

"It is," said the writer, "according to the written instructions given me."

"That cannot be," said the landowner, indignantly; "show me the paper bearing the instructions I gave you."

"Here it is," said the writer, producing a small scrap of paper.

"What is this?" inquired the landowner. "This is not the paper I wrote."

"No;" said one of the brothers, appearing confused, "I mislaid the paper you gave me, and wrote this out myself from memory."

"Ah, that accounts for the blunder," said the landowner, "and see, you have completely spoiled my deed. You must alter it again, and make it right."

"That," said the writer, "I cannot do. The paper is too thin to stand any further erasure."

"It is my mistake," said the young man, who had admitted mislaying the original paper indicating the nature of the required alterations, "and it must be rectified."

The writer on hearing this determined to levy more blackmail.

"I am willing to try, for a further sum of Rs. 2,000," he said.

"And I," said the man, "who had committed the blunder, have no more money of my own to advance. Will you," he said, addressing the landowner, "advance this Rs. 2,000, to help us out of our difficulty?"

"I will pay nothing," was the reply, "till this alteration is completed to my satisfaction. How do I know that this writer will manage it? He may spoil the document completely; and then what am I to do?"

The broker was next appealed to, and said,

"We must not fail now in this business. I will advance you the money, on condition that I am not asked to bear a share of this additional fee to the writer."

To this both brothers gladly agreed. Again he returned to his office, and paid the Rs. 2,000 to the young man who accompanied him, and was granted an I O U in exchange for it. The young man went away thanking the broker most profusely for his kindness, and inviting him back to Walkeshwar the next morning to receive payment of the money due to him.

The broker did not fail to put in an appearance the next morning at the appointed time, when to his amazement he found the office closed. On making inquiries he discovered the owner of the bungalow, who explained that he had found the doors standing wide open that morning and the tenants gone, where, he knew not. His sole lament was that the men owed him Rs. 130 for house rent. They had left the furniture behind, but that belonged to a borah from whom it had been hired. Thus the broker was swindled out of Rs. 3,000, and from that day to this he has heard nothing of the men who led him so cleverly into the trap. He went to the police and informed them of the swindle that had been practised on him; but the thieves had got a good start; and he had no evidence but his own extraordinary tale. Besides, had the swindlers been arrested and taken to court, the dishonest part he had himself played would have told very much against him, and probably done much harm to his business. He, therefore, deemed it most prudent to pursue the case no further, and bear his loss as best he could. His adventure would, however, no doubt teach him a lesson to be honest in his business dealings with people, for had he resisted the temptation in this instance to gain money by swindling he would not himself have been swindled.

So much, then, for "cheating by document." In our next we shall deal with cases of swindling that are practised by means of lost or stolen property.

THE GOA TREATY.

The following notification was issued last night as a *Government Gazette* extraordinary:—

Bombay Castle, 15th January, 1892.

In exercise of the power conferred by Section 6 of Act XXIX. of 1857 the Governor in Council is pleased to prescribe the undermentioned as the only routes by which goods liable to the payment of Customs duties, under the Indian Tariff Act (XI of) 1882, or any other Act for the time being in force relating to the levy of Customs duties, will be allowed to pass into or out of the Portuguese possessions of Goa and Daman respectively, namely:—

(1). Into or out of Goa:

From or to the Ratnagiri and Belgaum Districts:

1. By the Banda Naka.

From or to the Belgaum District:

2. By the Kelghat.

From or to any part of British India by rail:

3. By the Castle Rock Naka on the Southern Maratha Railway.

From or to the Kanara District:

4. By the Digi Ghat.

(2). Into or out of the Daman:

From or to the Surat District:

1. By the Kemta Naka.

2. By the Chala Naka.

3. By the Kolka Naka.

From or to the Thana District:

4. By the Pathanpunja Naka.

5. By the Kalaipar Naka.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

T. D. MACKENZIE,
Chief Secretary to Government.

MILITARY NEWS.

Ammunition Column units are sanctioned for the 22 Horse and Field Batteries, Royal Artillery, detailed for the Field Army. Ammunition Column units for 7 Batteries will be kept up in peace time (less 40 horses and 20 sets of harness), and will be located in the Lahore and Rawalpindi Districts. On mobilisation being ordered at (at Mian Mir and Ferozepore) 40 trained horses will be supplied, under arrangements to be notified hereafter, and 20 sets of harness by the Ordnance Department to complete the unhorsed unit at Mian Mir. The next four units will be furnished by the Artillery of the Hyderabad Contingent under instructions from the Commander-in-Chief, Madras Presidency, the carriages and ammunition or the same being stored at Quetta. The carriages, harness, &c., for the remaining 11 units will, in peace time, be kept up by the Ordnance Department ready for immediate issue, and on war becoming imminent, 606 horses will be supplied by the Remount Department, and these columns will be organised as follows:—,

(*a*) 4 units at Allahabad under the orders of General Officer Commanding Allahabad District.

(*b*) 7 units at Mhow under the orders of his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, Bombay Army.

Rules have been issued enabling Surgeon-Captains of the Medical Staff to go through a course of operative surgery at the several Medical Colleges and Schools in India, to qualify for promotion to the rank of Surgeon-Major. The times of year at which the courses can conveniently be gone through are:—Calcutta, at the end of February; Lahore, between 1st May and 15th July; Madras any time of the year excepting the month of July; and Bombay, between 1st April and 31st May.

A few days ago on a complaint being made at Rawalpindi against some traders of old coins for selling imitation ones, the houses of the men were searched, and several moulds were found which have been submitted to the court. The accused have been released on bail of Rs. 1,000 each.

HIGH COURT.—Original Side.

(Before the Hon. the Chief Justice and the Hon Mr. Justice Bayley.)

ALLEGED ILLEGAL AND EXCESSIVE TERMINAL CHARGES.

LALLJEE SHAMJEE AND OTHERS *vs.* THE GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY COMPANY.

This was an appeal from a decision of the Hon. Mr. Justice Farran who, on the 15th January, 1891, gave a decree dismissing the plaintiffs' claim against the railway company with costs. Mr. Badrodin and Mr. Anderson, instructed by Mr. M. H. Khan, appeared for the plaintiffs and appellants; and the Hon. Mr. Latham and Mr. Jardine, instructed by Messrs. Little, Smith, Frere and Nicholson, appeared for the railway company.

The plaintiffs sued the railway company to recover the sum of Rs. 1,34,152-11-0 or such part thereof as the Court may deem to have been paid for illegally excessive terminal charges. Plaintiffs are cotton merchants who have, for several years past, been carrying on business in Bombay, and have had large consignments of cotton made to them in Bombay from up-country stations by the defendants' railway. The latter, before the delivery of the consignments to the plaintiffs in Bombay, had insisted upon their paying, in addition to freight for the carriage of the goods, a charge called a terminal charge of Rs. 2-7-1 per twenty-seven maunds at Bombay, and Rs. 0 12-5 per 27 maunds at the forwarding station; and had declined to deliver the goods to the plaintiffs except upon payment of the terminal charges. The amount paid by the plaintiffs in respect of those charges during the three years preceding the date of filing the suit was Rs. 1,34,152-11-0, which they submitted was wholly illegal and excessive, as the defendants had no right or power to levy any terminal charge; and that they were entitled to be repaid by the defendants the abovementioned amount or such part thereof as the Court may deem to be excessive. Mr. Justice Farran, in delivering judgment in favour of the defendants said the main and, indeed, the only question raised in the suit was as to the right of the Company to make what are called "terminal charges" in respect of goods carried by them upon their railway. The defendants said that, subject to the sanction of Government as to the amount, they were legally justified in charging terminals in respect of goods carried by them. The defendants' company are incorporated under the provisions of Statute 12 and 13 Victoria, ch. 83; and the fifth Section of that Act enacts: "That it shall be lawful for the Company from time to time to enter into and conclude with the East India Company, on account of the Government of India, such contracts, agreements, and arrangements as the respective parties may think fit and agree upon for making any railway or railways in India; and for maintaining and working the same, including, so far as the respective parties may agree thereto, all or any of the provisions following: that is to say, any provision as to the tolls, receipts, and the profits thereon, and the application of such tolls, receipts and profits." The section does not direct what tolls, receipts, and profits the Company may demand and receive, but it subjects, his lordship was of opinion, the taking of tolls, receipts, and profits by the Company to such provisions as the Company and the Government of India may agree to from time to time in reference thereto. In pursuance of the provisions contained in the above sections, an agreement was made between the East India Company and the defendants' company on the 17th August 1849, under which the Company agreed to construct their railway upon certain terms, and the eighth clause provided that, as soon as a portion of the railway should be completed, and so on from time to time, the Company should commence and carry on the business of common carriers of goods and passengers upon it, and "that the railway Company should and would allow the use of the railway to the public upon such terms as should be approved by the East India Company, and that the Company should be authorised and empowered to charge such fares for the carriage of passengers and goods, and such tolls for the use of the railway as should have been approved by the East India Company, and should not in any case charge any higher or different fares or tolls whatsoever without such approval being first obtained." Subject, therefore, to the approval of the East India Company or the Government of India, the Company could, in his lordship's opinion, impose upon the public using the railway such terms, and levy from them such tolls and fares as their own interest or the necessity of the case should dictate; and that the interests of the public were safeguarded by the necessity imposed upon the Company of obtaining the approval of Government to the terms of fares and tolls which they sought to impose and charge. Terminal charges meant a charge for the use of the goods station, and for the various duties which the Company, as common carriers, performed in connection with the goods consigned to them for carriage; and his lordship held that the defendants were entitled to charge terminal charges on the goods carried by them for the plaintiffs, subject only as to the rates and amounts to the sanction of Government; and that the rates charged to the plaintiffs were not higher than the sanctioned rates. The suit was, therefore, dismissed with costs.

For the plaintiffs, it was contended that the Judge of the Lower Court was wrong in holding that the defendants were entitled to levy the terminal charges complained of prior to Act 9 of 1890 coming into force. He ought to have held that the levy of the terminal charges was *ultra vires* of the defendants' company; and he ought to have found all the issues in favour of the plaintiffs, and ought to have passed a decree for them for the amount of all terminal charges used for and levied before Act 9 of 1890 came into force.

The arguments of counsel were heard during the day.

FORMATION OF AN INTERNATIONAL SHIP MASTERS' CLUB.

A meeting was held at No. 18, Elphinstone Circle yesterday afternoon, for the purpose of inaugurating the Bombay International Ship Masters' Club. The Club has been formed to meet a long-felt want on the part of the large number of master mariners visiting Bombay. The committee have succeeded in securing admirable rooms, in Elphinstone Circle, and the Club should meet wide popularity amongst those in whose behalf it has been established. There is a splendid dining-room, a most comfortably furnished reception or sitting room, an admirably appointed billiard-room and bar, a well lighted reading and writing room, and three very cosy bed-rooms. In addition to these there is a spacious verandah, from which a fine view of the Elphinstone Circle Gardens, the Harbour and a portion of Back Bay are obtainable. In all respects the Club is well founded and the committee are fortunate in having for their honorary secretary Mr. George Hill, who is very popular amongst the ship masters of this city, and consequently is well qualified to cater for their comfort and convenience.

The opening ceremony yesterday was, as already stated, largely attended; and judging from the enthusiasm which prevailed there is every reason to believe that the Bombay International Ship Masters' Club has a prosperous future before it.

After an excellent tiffen served by Signor Borri of the Bori Bunder Refreshment Rooms, the President of the Club, Captain J. Hand, proposed the toast of "Success to the Bombay International Ship Masters Club" and in doing so said it might not be generally known that in the course of a year upwards of 2,000 steam vessels and 20 or 30 sailing vessels belonging to the merchant service entered the port of Bombay. There were, accordingly, a large number of shipmasters constantly coming and going. Some of those who belonged to the P and O. and British India Co's had their own clubs, in maintaining which the companies named rendered assistance; but a very large proportion of the shipmasters who frequented this part had no such advantage. They had hitherto been without a suitable resort where they could meet one another—a resort such as was found in nearly all large commercial cities. They had had to seek anywhere for the convenience desired, and he thought he was correct in saying that there was no more uncomfortable feeling one could experience than that of being unknown and uncared for. There were many shipmasters in Bombay who, thanks to their shore friends, had not been left uncared for; but notwithstanding this there would always exist those who would be without a place of resort in Bombay, and to meet this difficulty the Club had been started. When the idea was first started many of the shipmasters' friends came forward and supported it, and they had done for the Bombay International Ship Masters' Club what the P. and O. and B. I. C. had done for the officers of those services. The result of those combined efforts was that from that day, the ship masters need not be without a suitable resort when he visited Bombay. In conclusion he asked all present to fill their glasses and aid him in launching the Bombay International Ship Masters' Club—a sound and modest craft—for which they hoped to obtain and keep an A1 certificate, and he trusted she and her crew would always experience success, and be as cheerful as they found themselves that day. (Applause.)

The Hon. Mr. L. R. W. Forrest said he wished to take that opportunity of expressing on behalf of Mr. Lees and other representatives of shipowning firms in Bombay the satisfaction they felt of the creation and establishment of such an institution as the Bombay International Ship Masters' Club. He assured those present that he—and he had no doubt Mr. Lees would do likewise—would do his utmost to impress upon owners the advantages of such a Club in the captains in their service. If further assistance was needed he felt sure that it would be coming, for he believed that, under its present management, the Club was bound to be a success. (Applause.)

The president, in subsequently addressing the gathering, remarked that the committee would always be pleased to welcome to the Club any members of the Bombay Pilot Service. (Applause.)

Captain S. S. Fowler proposed the health of "The Merchants of the City of Bombay," and in doing so said the merchants of Bombay had shown their appreciation of the establishment of the Club in the most tangible manner by subscribing very substantially towards its formation.

Mr. Lees briefly responded to the toast.

Mr. F. S. Pipon, speaking on behalf of the Bombay Pilot Service, said the Club which they had that day inaugurated supplied a very long-felt want, and he assured the company present that the members of that service would be only too glad to avail themselves of the advantages offered by such an institution as the Bombay International Ship Masters' Club. (Hear, hear.)

The health of the president was most enthusiastically pledged, and the company dispersed.

THERMOMETER READINGS.

THURSDAY NIGHT, JAN. 14.

10 p.m.	72·1

FRIDAY, JAN. 15.

6 a.m.	69·9
10 a.m.	74·6
2 p.m.	82·4
6 p.m.	79·3

IN THE CHIN HILLS.

A telegram, dated Gungaw Field Office, 12th January, says:—The Baungshe Column, leaving 50 rifles and all the sick under Captain Knowles at Shirkwa, march out on the 3rd instant to visit the tribes inhabiting the unknown regions to the south. As I said in a previous telegram, reports have come in that these tribes mean to fight. No great reliance can be placed on these reports, so we must content ourselves in patience for the development of events. The column now commences the work planned out for it. The first day's march was for the first half a continuous descent of over a thousand feet to the Boinu river, along which we marched for some miles, crossing it five times, the water becoming deeper on each occasion, till on the last it was waist deep. Mountains 5,000 feet high rose straight up on each side of the river. After a mile or two the part left the river and ascended straight up a lofty hill. Coming at the end of the march this was a very stiff bit for the battery mules to get up. Detachments of the K. R. R. and 2nd Burma were told off to assist the mules up, and the path was zig-zagged and stopped as much as possible. But in spite of all this the guns were got up with the greatest difficulty. Five mules tumbled over the khud, but fortunately no damage was done. Lieutenant Knapp and his men worked like slaves throughout. The Battery did not arrive in camp till long after dark, lamp and pine torches being sent out to light up the paths. The distance marched was eight miles, and a hard day's march it was for everybody. The column camped on a little path of open ground by the side of a jungle stream, three miles from the village of Aika, which was situated on the further side of a hill that towered several thousand feet above.

As Lieutenant Baillard, the Intelligence Officer, was unable to accompany the column from Shirkwa as he was down with fever, on the 4th we had a short march of three miles, which afforded a welcome rest to everyone. The first part, however, of the march was a very steep climb up a hill 5,000 feet high, resting on the further side of which was the village of Aika, with 300 houses, and possessing a large contingent of fighting men. The houses were all substantially built of wood, and a regular water-supply was laid on from the neighbouring springs, the water being conducted in by wooden pipes. We encamped about half-a-mile below the village, near a stream. The Chins brought fowls, oranges, sugarcane, sweet potatoes and Indian corn for sale, and, unlike the Chins, we have hitherto had to deal with, readily accepted in exchange not only small silver, but also copper coin, and empty bully beef and jam tins; so these folks have not yet been spoiled, and we trust no one will be foolish enough to disturb this state of things. The Political Officer met all the headmen in the village, and accepted their submission, the ceremony being accompanied by the useful presents of fowls, eggs, plantains, and the free quaffing all round of zoo or Chin beer. The headmen of some of the villages we are about to visit also came in with presents, to pay their respects. The Political Officer has sent out messengers to the other villages further south, calling upon the Chiefs to come out and meet us, and tender their submission. The Political Officer now thinks he will be able to get these tribes to submit by diplomacy, and without having to resort to coercive measures: but the Chin temperament is so variable that there is no certainty of anything. The difficulty in dealing with these villages is, that they are all under no one Chief, but each village seems quite independent of its neighbour.

On the 5th we marched 7 miles over two ranges of hills, the highest point reached being 5,700 feet. The path over these hills was straight up, and necessitated climbing on all fours in some places. The Pioneers, therefore, had their work cut out for them in making the path practicable for the guns. After many hours' hard work the path was still so bad that no less than eight mules fell over the khud but, fortunately again, no damage was done. The mules appear to be getting used to this kind of thing. After their hard day's work the men and animals were thoroughly tired and were glad to get into Camp, which they did after dark, parties with lights being sent out to show them the way into Camp. The Camp was in rather a cramped position on the banks of a little stream, to reach which we had to descend 1,800 feet.

On the 6th we had an easy march of three miles along the rocky bed of a stream, to the village of Loktaw, which is a large village on a hill several thousand feet above us, at the foot of which we encamped on some Chin cultivation clearings. Loktaw was a hostile village, but it has now quietly submitted. The villagers have brought in small supplies for sale and are quite friendly. We have brought on with us nothing but Darjeeling and Chin coolies from friendly villages as transport. The advantage of Chin coolies is that they require no escort, and make their own arrangements about their food. They don't go sick, and are decidedly cheaper in the long run. Our sick rate, so far, among the coolies is small, but there is a good deal of fever among the coolies and followers. We trust the Gurkha coolies will soon be able to shake off the fever contracted below. All the officers are now very fit, and everyone is in good hill climbing condition. As regards the weather, although it freezes every night, it usually goes up to 80 degrees by day, a variation of temperature very trying to those not used to it.

Mr. MacNabb, the Political Officer, who rode into Loktaw in advance, with a small escort, has sent out more messengers to call in the Chiefs of villages further South, said to be hostile to us.

We march to-morrow, the 7th instant, southwards, making for Lungo, said to be three marches off. The paths are reported to be very bad. The Pioneers and guns, have, therefore, their work before them. The moral effect of having two guns with the column is so great with these Chins that it is quite justifiable to take them on at all hazards, rather than leave them behind on account of the inaccessible nature of the country. Owing to the difficulty of rationing the columns from Shirkwa, from the difficult nature of the country, and from its inconvenient situation, Major Gunning, in consultation with the Political Officer, had decided to remove the base from Shirkwa and establish it at Lokaw, as this latter place is more conveniently situated from which to work the surrounding country, and it is actually closer to Minywa than Shirkwa. Orders are now being sent up to Shirkwa to carry out this change.

Work on the Sihoung-Haka road was continued on the 26th ultimo, when the working party on the Sihoung side, consisting of the 6th Company, Queen's Own Sappers and Miners, under Lieutenants Johnson and Ainslie, Royal Engineers, with an escort of 100 rifles, 1st Burma regiment, under Captain Harris, left Sihoung. We are now in camp at Kunchoung, 15 miles from Sihoung. A temporary post for 25 men and a Commissariat is under construction, and the mule road is being opened up forward. Very little remains of last season's track, owing to the frequent landslips. The work is very difficult, principally along the rocky precipices. Rations are brought up from Sihoung to Kunchoung in boats on the Mankatho river. From there coolies or mules will be used. Very few Chins have hitherto been seen, but at Hanta we hope to obtain fowls, eggs, &c., the Commissariat stores not being up to the mark. The health of the troops is improving under the able superintendence of Surgeon Pall.—*Pioneer.*

THE AGRICULTURAL OUTLOOK.

The season reports contained in Wednesday morning's *Gazette* show no improvement in the outlook. Some light showers in parts of Tanjore and Tinnevelly comprise the total rainfall of the week. The deficiency of water, pasture and fodder for stock in Kurnool, Bellary and Anantapur is reported to be intensifying. For all that prices have become generally easier except in the Northern Coast Districts and South Arcot. The first panic amongst the grain merchants appears to have subsided, and with increased imports of stable grains prices will no doubt steady down, but will of course be abnormally high everywhere. Scarcity rates for staple grains are still exceeded in the Districts reported last week, except Bellary, Salem and Madura, and have now been reached in Ganjam and nearly so in Vizagapatam and Godaveri. It is evident that in the last named District the local grain merchants, whose stocks cannot possibly have become depleted with all the delta behind them, are hanging back in hope of prices rising in the near future. The largest number of people on relief works in any one District is in Bellary, where there are 6,267 persons employed. Kurnool follows closely with 6,240, and Salem with 4,473. The total for the whole Presidency is 23,299, as against 18,709 last week. The succeeding weeks' totals may be expected to show still greater increases, for under present circumstances relief will soon be required by a very large number of people. The numbers fed in kitchens amount to 325 only, showing a decrease of 18 from last week. The numbers on kitchen relief, however, must be expected to show the same ratio of increase as the numbers on relief works. Kitchens have also been newly opened in Anantapur, and already there are 334 inmates. In all the ten Districts where the scarcity is being most felt the next two or three months will be an anxious time for the officials. Not only will signs of starvation have to be carefully watched, but famine crime will have to be prevented. The Ganjam Collector already reports one loot, while common thefts in his District are reported to be increasing owing to the high prices now ruling. People in Ganjam are evidently growing impatient at the tardy arrival of the new grain from Orissa, for hundreds of carts are reported to be waiting at Rumbha at the southern end of the Chilka Lake for the annual imports from the neighbouring province.

The St. Vincent islanders appear to be a peculiar people. If there is any truth in the story published by the *New York Herald* they have hit on quite a new motive for a riot. The notion of a furious mob hooting the Governor, stoning a British naval officer, and refusing to move on till persuaded by a detachment of blue-jackets with a Nordenfelt gun—and all because they cannot have as many judges as they want—might be taken from the plot of a comic opera. They do things differently in Madras.

At the recent sporting dinner given by the Lord Mayor, the Duke of Beaufort pleasantly related on the sporting instincts of the farmers, which to hear in these days, when "wire," barbed and otherwise, is a too familiar topic, was refreshing. The Duke told us that only on the previous day his hounds ran a fox into an outhouse in which was a cow. The colloquy between his Grace and the farmer that ensued is worthy of preservation. Quoth the farmer, "Your fox is in there," to which the Duke, "Your cow is there too," to which the farmer's reply was, "I don't care about your cow, anything else; you get your fox out;" which accordingly done to, we trust, the not too great annoyance of the cow.

FEMININE FACTS AND FANCIES.

FEMALE BEAUTY.

A correspondent, "H. S. Green," writing from Christchurch to the *Lady's Pictorial*, says:—The notion that beauty is the result of a pure and noble life is, I think I may say, as old as the hills; but if we confine ourselves to this one present incarnation of ours, there cannot be very much doubt that this notion must fall to the ground. It does not agree with the facts of the case. I suppose every one of us is acquainted with women who are almost as kind, good, and noble as it is possible to be in this wicked generation, but who are by no means over-favoured in the matter of looks. And contrari-wise, there are many women, who, although fair physically, are by no means beautiful morally or spiritually. How many beautiful women there have been in the history of the nations who have left little behind them but a record of wickedness and sin? So that the idea of beauty being the result of goodness, although an excellent one to preach a sermon from, falls to the ground if attention is confined to our present life only. But assume, for the sake of argument, that souls are borne, live, die, and (after an interval) are reborn again upon earth; and the whole thing becomes clear. Beauty in this life is the result of right living in the last; but if the beautiful woman in this present incarnation does not "live up to her soul's former record," as your paragraph puts it, then in her next incarnation, she will be among the ill-favoured ones. Of course; you will here object that I assume the very thing which has to be proved; but, judging from analogy in the teachings and methods of philosophers and men of science, I am perfectly justified in assuming anything, any "working hypothesis" which agrees with and explains the facts of the case. For what is beauty from a philosophical point of view? There are two alternatives. It is either (1) a mere accident of physical heredity, or it is (2) an outward expression of something which really belongs to the soul. The first of these alternatives will do very well for those who believe in matter as the all in all, and who cannot see any proof of the existence of a soul. But those who believe that the soul exists, and that it is the underlying reality in a mask of illusion, must also believe that beauty is the possession of the soul; that it is something more than an accident of physical heredity and, therefore, that seeing it belongs to the soul and not to the body, it must have been the possession of the soul before birth. Knowing as we do that beauty or any other distinctive quality is the evolutionary outcome of long-past eras of slow and gradual growth, this conclusion carries us back at once to the pre-existence of the soul and to a long series of previous incarnations, during which that spiritual beauty which now finds physical expression was gradually formed and moulded. This is the only possible explanation at all in accordance with philosophical analogy. It is the only one which covers all the facts of the case.

THE HIGHER EDUCATION OF WOMEN.

A Glasgow correspondent of the *Queen* gives the following account of the progress of the higher education of women in that city:—Some fifteen years ago a few ladies started a small scheme for the higher education of women, and our university most generously gave the movement its full sympathy. After some vicissitudes the scheme, helped by the personal kindness of most of the professors, grew till, in 1883, the association became incorporated as a college under the name of Queen Margaret College, and Mrs. Elder, in 1884, generously gave it a home by purchasing the house and grounds of North Park, most conveniently situated in the vicinity of the university and Botanic Gardens. She made one condition, however, —namely, that an adequate endowment should be raised. This was accordingly attempted, and a large sum was gathered by subscription from among the richer members of the community. But, with the consent of all interested, part of this sum was used thoroughly to fit the college with all the necessary aids to teaching in all branches, and now over two hundred students have the choice of a full curriculum in arts, science, and medicine, the staff being a highly qualified one—indeed, in several instances identical with that of the university. Queen Margaret is the solitary college for women in Scotland really on the lines of a university, and leading the students to the university degrees as soon as these are thrown open. Girls from all parts, remote counties in England, small towns in Ireland, as well as many parts of Scotland are to be met within the halls, fitting themselves for various careers in life—as teachers, medical women, nurses, and last, but certainly not least, for that sphere of general usefulness which falls to the lot of most women, and for which no education can be too wide or too thorough. As before mentioned, Queen Margaret College has yet to complete its endowment, and a movement is being inaugurated among all classes to bring this about.

HOW TO DO WITHOUT COSMETICS.

"To Paint or Not to Paint" was the important question discussed at a matinee of ladies interested in facial adornment, given in the Princess's Theatre by an American reformer, Mrs. Anna Ruppert, the other day. The crowded state of the theatre proved a widespread desire on the part of the most important half of the human family to learn all that experts can impart respecting the enhancement of Nature's æsthetic gifts. The subject of the lecturer's discourse was, "How to do without Cosmetics." She declared that seventy-five per cent. of womankind used this kind of rubbish, a statement which if applied to English ladies is a characteristic exaggeration. Mrs. Ruppert does not use cosmetics herself; she polishes her face with a piece of chamois leather. In this country the same material is used for polishing up brass, and care would presumably have to be taken by ladies against using the same leather for the two purposes. The lecturer also discovered that women are more wrinkled than men because they laugh more; hence a recommendation to study facial expression; to laugh with the eyes and lips while keeping the face calm. Unfortunately, this suppressed internal mirth produces apoplexy—vide Tony Weller. Besides, it might be difficult without considerable practice to laugh with the eyes and wink at the same time, unless the operator takes the word of the song literally, and laughs with one while she winks the other. The sum and substance of Mrs. Ruppert's lecture was that the rouge-pot is vanity, and powder-puff vexation of spirit, and that there is nothing like leather.

THE YOUNG LADY OF THE PAST.

For a notion of the daily life of a young lady of fashion under the Restoration the Historical Manuscripts Commission, who have been cataloguing the Belvoir papers, direct attention to a series of letters written by Bridget Noel to her sister, the Countess of Rutland. They were intended for immediate destruction after perusal, but there they are still to be read among the Duke of Rutland's family papers. The young lady, as here depicted by herself, plays often at picquet, basset, dice, and cribbage, sometimes with money provided by her married sister, who bears the losses and receives the gains. Nevertheless, her betting transactions are such as to give rise to a rumour in London that she has lost as much as 1,000l. on one horse race. She goes to stay at Jenkins, in Essex, and thence makes numerous expeditions to London, her hostess, Lady Fanshaw, being accustomed to drive up to town to see plays, returning in the middle of the night. After a jaunt of this kind, she spends the next day in bed. When her uncle and a friend drive down to dine at Jenkins, Sir Thomas and Lady Fanshaw entertain them so hospitably that they sit up playing cards until eight o'clock the next morning. When she returns to a quieter life in the Midlands, she enters upon a mining speculation, which she finds even more attractive than the card table. Her relations show a natural desire to see her "well married," but one of them remarks sadly that "men look now to be courted as women used to formerly." Nevertheless, they discourage the attentions of "Chaloner Chute of the Vyne," and Bridget Noel remains unmarried to the end of her life.

THE WINTER FASHIONS.

The newest French material for winter wear, writes a lady correspondent, is a dark navy blue amazon cloth with spots, or designs thrown over it at even distances, of various colours. One has spots of two semi-circular lines; the one amber green, the other pure lavender. This pattern looks well made with a bell skirt, at the hem two lines of fluted ribbon an inch wide; the one of amber green velvet, the upper of lavender silk. The bodice is to be made with a coat shape, with coat basque; the vest and collar to be of soft drawn lavender pongee silk; the revers and the lining of a short medici collar to be of amber green velvet. Another cloth has spfashes of grey and tan. It looks well with a long waistcoat of tan suede leather, and the loose coat to be trimmed with edging of soft grey curled silk braid fringe. The hem of the skirt to be of the suede leather, two inches deep, headed with the grey fringe. Yet another blue cloth has a large geometrical figure of dark tan and grey. It should have a waistcoat of grey and navy blue striped corduroy velvet, and revers of the tan-coloured velvet. It should have large cuffs of the corduroy lined and edged with the tan velvet, and two cross-cut bands, one of the tan velvet and one of the corduroy, overlapping each other on the hem.

HOW TO UTILISE BLACK SERGE.

A pretty style for black serge is to have it made Princess shape at the back, the fronts of the bodice to be very much cut away in front, and a loose vest of flame-coloured surah silk with a pretty frill gradating from neck to waist, which should be confined with a strip of dull-coloured jewelled embroidery, or, better still, a belt of suede leather embroidered with gold, silver, and flame-coloured silk. The full sleeves should come below the elbow, and the long cuff be of flame silk. I have seen a very stylish simple black serge with skirt cut bell-shaped a well-fitting flat coat bodice with revers of strong French blue velvet from shoulder to edge of coat in a straight line. The vest of black serge was slightly frilled and confined by a collar of blue velvet and shaped waistband of the same. The lady who wore it had further ornamented it with a quaint clasp of antique silver at neck and waist. A hat of blue velvet, trimmed with black velvet and feathers, looked well with the latter dress, while for the other a large brimmed hat of black velvet, with black feathers and a narrow band of flame-coloured satin ribbon and two pompom rosettes of the same looks very effective.

LADIES' OVERCOATS AND CAPES.

The Ulster-shaped tweed overcoat for ladies with the upper cape is being also used in other and more dressy materials. One of the handsomest I have seen was made of dark ridegreen amazon cloth. It was edged at the hem, both of the skirt and the cape, with seven rows of gilt braid, and in each corner of the cape was a handsome arabesque design of the same braid. The cape was lined with tan coloured silk. A hat of green felt to match was worn with it. It had a square brim, and was trimmed with dark tan velvet and feathers shading from tan to brown. Another coat was of grey, soft, thick woollen material, with a handsome arabesque pattern of dark blue. The cape was lined with blue silk, and was edged with a thick cord of blue silk. The cord also went round the front of the skirt, roundtabe large collar, and tied with cords at the neck and ends, finished with soft tassels. A grey and blue silk fell to the foot of the skirt. The hat worn with it was of grey silk beaver, and was trimmed with handsome open work, blue silk emroidery and blue feathers clasped with a diamond buckle.

LITERARY, DRAMATIC AND MUSICAL

MR. H. A. JONES ON PLAYMAKING.

At Toynby Hall, Whitechapel, Mr. Henry Arthur Jones delivered a lecture, entitled "Playmaking," before a large assembly of University Extension students and local residents the other night. Mr. Jones, speaking from the point of view of the playwright, said the true test of a play was, "Will it act and read?" and it was because most of the pieces of Shakespeare and Sheridan stood that test that they were still the most frequently acted plays. He particularly desired to contrast the dramatic and theatrical stand points. The first demand of an ordinary theatrical audience was for a good story. But he wished to suggest that the demand for a mere story, for a series of incidents irrespective of truth of character, and lifelikeness, was a childish demand. Story and incident and situations in theatrical work, unless they related to character, were childish and unintellectual. The dramatic art consisted in so selecting from all the material of the national life as to give what the artist considered the essence of the whole, and that had to be tightly woven into three or four acts of about half an hour each. There should be design throughout the work. Dramatic art, like all art, was nothing at bottom but selection, arrangement, and ornament. That construction was best which accepted all the most prominent qualities of English life. To read Shakespeare through was like watching the great pages of human life. Turning to the question of "realism," Mr. Jones said that a school had lately risen up teaching that details of ugliness were those which we ought to study, that vice and degradation were the elements to be observed in plays. He maintained that all great arts instinctively rejected ugliness and disease. The perfection of construction had been carried to such a point—as, for instance, by Sardou and Scribe—that the characters seemed of no importance, and the one object aimed at was to show the genius of the playwright. That construction, however, was the best which sank individuality under the truths of character and life which the dramatist had to represent. Mr. Jones, in conclusion, spoke of the difficulties under which the playwright laboured in constructing a play for a modern audience, and expressed the hope that his hearers would all grow to dislike all more neat, symmetrical, and theatrical constructions.

RUDYARD KIPLING AT THE ANTIPODES.

The first interviewer who captured Rudyard Kipling at the Antipodes was surprised at the youthful appearance of the Anglo-Indian story-teller. "I found him an exceedingly pleasant, bright, unaffected, young fellow. He is only twenty-six, and looks even less. I should not have been surprised to hear he was a mere boy of eighteen or nineteen. He is much younger in appearance than his portrait in the New Gallery would lead one to suppose. This, however, is partly to be explained by the fact that for the sake of some theatricals on board ship he sacrificed that very fine and becoming moustache which is so prominent a feature in the Hon. John Collier's portrait. He talks with rare freshness and spontaneity of manner, and has the knack of giving in a few unusual, but apt words, a more vivid picture than is usually effected by a long and elaborate description." After seeing all that is to be seen in Australia and New Zealand, Mr. Kipling means to "do Africa thoroughly," for his fortnight's stay in South Africa had deeply impressed him with the vast future in store for that continent and the mighty empire that awaited development in that quarter of the globe. At Wellington, the New Zealand metropolis, Mr. Kipling caught a chill whilst boating in the moonlight, but a visit to the famous all-curing hot lakes of New Zealand put him right again.

A TALE OF THE MOZART CENTENARY.

An interesting incident which took place during the Mozart centenary performances at the Imperial Opera House in Vienna is thus reported by a correspondent there:—An old gentleman, with snow white hair, was announced to Court Councillor Wlassak, and on being received said he wished to book a corner stall for the performance of "The Magic Flute." He gave his name as Jacob Meyer, and explained that he had already tried to obtain the seat at the booking office, but had been told the house was sold out for that evening. The Court Councillor regretted having to give the same answer, and seeing the disappointed expression in Herr Meyer's face, asked him why he so particular